Introduction
The shiny green leaves of this shrub have a varnished appearance that gives this plant its most widely used common name. The varnish leaf is a fast growing, broad-leaved, evergreen shrub that can grow 10- to 15-feet tall. It is most commonly seen at about 6- to 10-feet tall. The “varnished” leaves of this plant have a resinous coating that is a protection against water loss, and this allows the plants to be exceptionally drought tolerant. Leaves vary in shape from spatulate to elliptic or obovate. Margins of the leaves are often turned under. Greenish yellow flowers are without true petals and appear in terminal clusters that are 3 inches in length. This shrub blooms in the spring and fall, and flowers on the same plant may be male, female, or perfect. The most outstanding part of this plant is the pendent fruit. These emerge green, turn yellow green, then pink and red, and then brown as they mature. The three-parted seed pods have 3 or 4 rounded wings.

General Information
Scientific name: Dodonaea viscosa
Pronunciation: doe-DOE-nee-uh viss-KOE-suh
Common name(s): varnish leaf, hopbush
Family: Sapindaceae
Plant type: tree
USDA hardiness zones: 9 through 11 (Fig. 1)
Planting month for zone 9: year round
Planting month for zone 10 and 11: year round
Origin: native to Florida

Uses: specimen; espalier; small parking lot islands (< 100 square feet in size); medium-sized parking lot islands (100-200 square feet in size); large parking lot islands (> 200 square feet in size); screen
Availability: grown in small quantities by a small number of nurseries

Description
Height: 10 to 15 feet
Spread: 6 to 15 feet
Plant habit: oval
Plant density: symmetrical habit with a regular (or smooth) outline and individuals having more or less identical forms
Growth rate: moderate
Texture: fine


2. Edward F. Gilman, professor, Environmental Horticulture Department, UF/IFAS Extension, Gainesville, FL 32611.
**Foliage**
- **Leaf arrangement:** alternate
- **Leaf type:** simple
- **Leaf margin:** entire
- **Leaf shape:** oblanceolate; obovate; spatulate
- **Leaf venation:** pinnate
- **Leaf type and persistence:** evergreen
- **Leaf blade length:** 4 to 8 inches
- **Leaf color:** green
- **Fall color:** no fall color change
- **Fall characteristic:** not showy

**Flower**
- **Flower color:** yellow
- **Flower characteristic:** summer flowering; fall flowering; spring flowering

**Fruit**
- **Fruit shape:** pod or pod-like
- **Fruit length:** .5 to 1 inch
- **Fruit cover:** dry or hard
- **Fruit color:** green; red; yellow
- **Fruit characteristic:** showy

**Trunk and Branches**
- **Trunk/bark/branches:** typically multi-trunked or clumping stems; can be trained to grow with a short, single trunk; no horns
- **Current year stem/twig color:** green
- **Current year stem/twig thickness:** thin

**Culture**
- **Light requirement:** plant grows in full sun
- **Soil tolerances:** acidic; alkaline; sand; loam
- **Drought tolerance:** high
- **Soil salt tolerances:** unknown
- **Plant spacing:** not applicable

**Other**
- **Roots:** usually not a problem
- **Winter interest:** no special winter interest
- **Outstanding plant:** plant has outstanding ornamental features and could be planted more
- **Invasive potential:** not known to be invasive
- **Pest resistance:** no serious pests are normally seen on the plant

**Use and Management**
One may use varnish leaf as a specimen due to its nice fruit display. The plant is also attractive when it is not in fruit. Planted 5 to 8 feet apart, varnish leaf makes a nice hedge or background plant, and it is very effective when employed as a screen. It can also be grown in fence rows and is interesting when espaliered. It is a useful plant that is underutilized.

*Dodonaea viscosa* will tolerate dry sandy or rocky soils, salt spray, windy areas, and drought conditions. It favors areas that receive full sun and is often cultivated in loamy or sandy soils.

*Dodonaea viscosa 'Purpurea'* has been called the most popular cultivar of the *Dodonaea* genus. It is currently most popular in the western U.S. Seedlings can vary a lot in color, and purple-leafed varieties will turn green in full shade. It has a wide tolerance for different soils, winds, and heat, when established, will be drought-resistant. The plant is used in landscapes in the western United States.

**Pests and Diseases**
No pests or diseases are of major concern.