

Chapter 15. Root Crop Production¹

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Beet, Carrot, Radish, and Sweetpotato Botany and Planting

Beet—Beta vulgaris, Chenopodiaceae

Carrot—*Daucus carota*, Apiaceae (Umbelliferae)

Radish—*Raphanus sativus*, Brassicaceae (Cruciferae)

Sweetpotato/Boniato—Ipomoea batatas, Convolvulaceae

Table 1. Planting dates for beet, carrot, radish, and sweetpotato/boniato.

Planting Region		Dates					
	Beet	Carrot Radish Sweetpotato/Boniat		Sweetpotato/Boniato			
North Florida	Aug-Feb	Aug-Mar	Sept–Mar	Mar–June			
Central Florida	Sept-Feb	Aug-Mar	Sept–Mar	Feb-June			
South Florida	Oct–Jan	Sept–Mar	Oct–Mar	Dec–Sept (orange flesh type) Year-round (boniato/batatas type)			

Table 2. Planting information for beet, carrot, radish, and sweetpotato/boniato.

Planting Parameters	Measurements							
	Beet	Carrot	Radish	Sweetpotato/Boniato				
Distance between rows (in)	12–30	10–12	6	36–48				
Distance between plants (in)	2–4	1–3	1	10–12				
Seeding depth (in)	0.5–1.0	0.25	0.25	3–4				
Seed per acre (lb)	10–15	2–4	10–20	9,000–15,000				
Days to maturity from seed	50–70	70–120	20–30	85–130				
Plant population (acre)	261,360	630,000	1 million+	9,000–15,000				

- 1. This document is HS965, one of a series of the Department of Horticultural Sciences, UF/IFAS Extension. Original publication date June 2015. Revised annually. Most recent revision August 2025. Visit the EDIS website at https://edis.ifas.ufl.edu for the currently supported version of this publication. © 2025 UF/IFAS. This publication is licensed under CC BY-NC-ND 4.0.
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Cultivars

Table 3. Common cultivars of beet, carrot, and sweetpotato/boniato.

Crop	Cultivars			
Beet	Bohan, Boro, Bulls Blood (tops), Golden Beets (yellow), Green Top, Pacemaker III, Red Ace, Red Cloud			
Carrot	Apache, Choctaw, Navajo, Top Notch			
Radish	Diego, Escala F ¹ , Fuego ¹ , Red Castle, Red Pearl, Red Satin F ¹ , Red Silk ² , Rudi			
Sweetpotato/Boniato	Beauregard, Covington, Evangeline, Hernandez, Picadito (Boniato)			
¹ Resistant to yellows; tolerant to black root and rhizoctonia scurf. ² Resistant to pithing; intermediate resistance to black root, yellows, clubroots, rhizoctonia scurf.				

Tropical Root Crops

Tropical root crops are planted primarily for their edible roots, tubers, corms, or cormels. In this regard, tropical root crops require a longer period of time to mature than many other vegetable crops. Some root crops take as long as 14 months to reach maturity. Some people also eat the edible leaves of sweetpotato/boniato, cassava, and taro. In the case of these crops, plants grown for edible leaves can be grown in cooler locations than would otherwise be possible. For pest control products, these crops are included in root and tuber vegetables.

Botany and Planting

Table 4. Planting dates for cassava, taro, and malanga.

Planting Region	Dates					
	Cassava Taro Malanga					
Miami-Dade County	Year-round (mainly February to April)	Year-round	Year-round			

Table 5. Planting information for cassava, taro, and malanga.

Planting Parameters	Measurements						
	Cassava	Taro	Malanga				
Distance between rows (in)	48	52	52				
Distance between plants (ft)	2	1	1				
Planting depth (in)	3–4	4–6	4–6				
Propagules needed per acre	5,445	2,420-3,630	2,420-3,630				
Minimum propagule size	10"–12" stick or micropropagules	2 oz	2 oz				
Bedded	No	Yes	Yes				
Months to harvest from planting	8–12	6–10	9–14				
Plant populations (acre)	5,445	10,052	10,052				

Cultivars

Cassava—Known over the world by a variety of names, including manioc, yuca, mandioca, balinghoy, kamoteng, kahoy (Philippines), mogo (Africa), tapioca root (India), and manioc root in its native South America. Though the exact origins of cassava are unknown, it was likely domesticated between 7,000 and 9,000 years ago in the Amazon. This root crop is grown throughout the tropics and has become an important dietary staple in many parts of the world.

Varieties are often separated based of their cyanogenic glucoside (HCN) content into either low HCN, a.k.a. "sweet," or high HCN, a.k.a. "bitter," types. The term "bitter" comes from a bitter flavor that is commonly believed to accompany the HCN. Though no named varieties are currently known in southern Florida, 'Senorita' was locally popular in the 1980s, and attempts were made to introduce the CIAT variety 'Mantiqueira' at that time because it produced acceptable yields even with high levels of root-knot nematode infestation. The range of local genotypes covers a few unnamed clones that have been imported from various Caribbean basin countries. However, federal regulations prohibit further importation of cuttings or botanical seed.

Root development may occur as early as 28 days after planting, though it may take about six weeks before fibrous roots begin to thicken rapidly with starch granules. There does not appear to be any specific trigger to root thickening, but the number of roots that will eventually thicken is determined early in the life of the crop, with little change in the number of thickened roots after three months. A soil fertility analysis is conducted as a routine practice to ensure an adequate amount of potassium is maintained in the soil to improve root development for improved yield. The amount of nitrogen available to the crop is often limited because excessive nitrogen increases vegetative growth rather than the root development.

For people who are able to find cuttings, follow the technique developed by scientists at the International Institute for Tropical Agriculture (IITA) in Ibadan, Nigeria, where one makes two-node cuttings, or ministakes, which can provide a five-fold increase in the production of propagules from each parent cassava plant. According to IITA, "[t]hese ministakes are easily moved and protected in plastic sacks until they can be grown on and hardened in individual plastic bags or nursery beds before being planted in the field."

It takes 8–12 months for cassava roots to reach maturity. Plants are often cut back two weeks prior to harvest, resulting in increased tuber size and yields about 10% higher.

Preferences for specific varieties of cassava used for edible leaves may exist among consumers, though the ability to satisfy these requests is very limited, given the very small number of varieties currently grown in the United States.

Tannia is widely grown and used in the tropics. It has been grown since 1963 on a limited commercial scale in south Florida, where it is typically planted in the spring because the crop requires 9–10 months to reach maturity and can be injured by frosts. Tannia can be propagated by several methods: (1) plant the top (head), (2) plant the whole main tuber, (3) plant pieces of the main tuber, or (4) plant individual secondary tubers. Propagative materials should be set 3–5 inches below the surface. 'South Dade White' produces white-fleshed cormels; 'Malanga Amarilla' produces a yellow-fleshed edible corm. 'Vinola' produces purple-fleshed cormels.

Taro—'Malanga Isleña' produces one large, white-fleshed, central corm; a few unnamed Polynesian types are grown for the Asian market. The name "taro" is generally used to refer to *Colocasia esculenta*, one of several major root crops in the Araceae (Aroid) family.

There are several important crops throughout the tropical regions of the world related to taro and grown in certain Florida locations. These include the giant swamp taro, the giant taro, and cocoyam. Each of these Aroids has several other common names in different regions of the world.

Information about taro in Florida is limited due to a small acreage. However, taro can be cultivated under both wetland and dryland conditions, with the latter referred to as "dasheens" in Florida. Most will mature in 6–10 months, with corms being dug up with modified potato harvesters in commercial production. The corms are washed of soil, sorted by size, and packed. The recommended cold room temperature for prolonged storage is 45°F–50°F with a relative humidity of 85.

Tropical sweetpotato or boniato—'Picadito' is the main variety grown in Miami-Dade County. Sweetpotato usually has shallow-lobed leaves and wine-colored skin with orange flesh. However, boniato, which is predominantly grown in Miami-Dade County, has deeply lobed leaves and wine-colored skin with white flesh.

It is illegal to import sweetpotato/boniato into the United States due to soil pests, such as sweetpotato weevils, and there is no program to produce disease-free planting material of 'Picadito' in Florida. Other sweetpotato growing states have developed red-skinned, white-fleshed sweetpotatoes, which may grow well in Florida and may be available from those plant breeders or through certified slip producers.

In regard to other tropical root crops, such as daikon radish or turmeric, readers may refer to chapter 5, "Ethnic Vegetable Production."

The following tables list registered pesticides that should be integrated with other pest management methods. Additional information on integrated management methods can be requested from UF/IFAS Extension horticulture or agriculture agents. A list of local UF/IFAS Extension offices is available at https://sfyl.ifas.ufl.edu/find-your-local-office/.

Table 6. Herbicides approved for managing weeds in beet. Labels change frequently. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical. Contact: Peter J. Dittmar, UF/IFAS Department of Horticultural Sciences, Gainesville.

	Active Ingredient lb a.i./Acre	Trade Name Product/Acre	MOA Code	Weeds Controlled/Remarks
PREEMERGENCE	Carfentrazone up to 0.031	(Aim) 2 EC up to 2 fl oz	14	Apply as a preplant burndown for emerged broadleaf weeds. Use crop oil concentrate, methylated seed oil, or nonionic surfactant at recommended rates. No more than 0.096 lb a.i./A per season. No pretransplant interval.
	Glyphosate	(various formulations) consult labels	9	Emerged broadleaf and grass weeds. Apply as a preplant burndown. Consult labels for individual product directions.
	Pelargonic acid	(Scythe) 4.2 EC 3%–10% v/v	27	Emerged broadleaf and grass weeds. Apply as a preplant burndown treatment. Scythe is a contact and nonresidual herbicide and can be tank-mixed with residual preemergence herbicides to lengthen control.
	Pyraflufen ethyl 0.001-0.003	(ET Herbicide) 0.208 EC 0.5–2.0 fl oz	14	Emerged broadleaf weeds and grass weeds. Apply as a preplant burndown treatment.
POSTEMERGENCE	Carfentrazone up to 0.031	(Aim) 2 EC up to 2 fl oz	14	Emerged broadleaf weeds. Apply as a hooded application to row middles only. Use crop oil concentrate or nonionic surfactant at recommended rates. May be tank-mixed with other herbicides. No more than 6.1 fl oz per cropping season. PHI 0 days.
	Clethodim 0.09–0.13 0.07–0.25	(Arrow) 2 EC 6–8 fl oz (Select Max) 1 EC 9–16 fl oz	1	Perennial and annual grass weeds. In fields with heavy grass pressure or larger grass weeds, use higher rates or repeat application 14 days apart. Use a crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v in the finished spray volume. Consult the label for necessary surfactant. PHI 30 days.
	Pelargonic acid	(Scythe) 4.2 EC 3%–10% v/v	27	Emerged broadleaf and grass weeds. Direct spray to row middles. Product is a contact, nonselective, foliar-applied herbicide with no residual control. May be tank-mixed with several soil residual compounds.
	Sethoxydim 0.28–0.47	(Poast) 1.5 EC 1.5–2.5 pt	1	Emerged grass weeds. No more than 5 pt/A per season. Include a crop oil concentrate. Unsatisfactory results may occur if applied to grasses under stress. PHI 60 days.
	S-metolachlor	(Dual Magnum) 7.62 EC	15	Grass and broadleaf weeds and nutsedge. Label is a Third-Party Registration (TPR, Inc.). Use without a signed authorization and waiver of liability is a misuse of the product.

Table 7. Herbicides approved for managing weeds in carrot. **Labels change frequently. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical.** Contact: Peter J. Dittmar, UF/IFAS Department of Horticultural Sciences, Gainesville.

	Active Ingredient Ib a.i./Acre	Trade Name Product/ Acre	MOA Code	Weeds Controlled/Remarks
PREEMERGENCE	Carfentrazone up to 0.031	(Aim) 2 EC up to 2 fl oz	14	Apply as a preplant burndown for emerged broadleaf weeds. Use crop oil concentrate, methylated seed oil, or nonionic surfactant at recommended rates. No more than 0.096 lb a.i./A per season. No pretransplant interval.
	Glyphosate	(various formulations) consult labels	9	Emerged broadleaf and grass weeds. Apply as a preplant burndown. Consult label for individual product directions.
	Linuron 0.5–1.0	(Lorox DF) 50 DF 1–2 lb	7	A single application after planting and before crop emergence. Plant seed at least 0.5 inches deep. Preemergence and postemergence application should not exceed 4 lb/A per season.
	Paraquat 0.5–1.0	(Gramoxone) 2 SL 2.0–4.0 pt (Firestorm) 3 SL 1.3–2.7 pt	22	Emerged broadleaf and grass weeds. Apply as a preplant burndown treatment. Apply before crop emergence. Use a nonionic surfactant.
	Pelargonic acid	(Scythe) 4.2 EC 3%–10% v/v	27	Emerged broadleaf and grass weeds. Apply as a preplant burndown treatment. Scythe is a contact and nonresidual herbicide and can be tank-mixed with a residual preemergence herbicide to lengthen time of control.
	Pendimethalin 0.95	(Prowl H2O) 3.8 2.0 pt	3	Broadleaf and grass control. Apply within 2 days of planting before the emergence of the crop. PHI 60 days.
	Prometryn 1.0-2.0	(Caparol) 4 L 2–4 pt	5	Most annual broadleaf and grass weeds. No more than 1 application. Consult label for rotational crop restrictions.
	Pyraflufen ethyl 0.001-0.003	(ET Herbicide) 0.208 EC 0.5–2.0 fl oz	14	Emerged broadleaf and grass weeds. Apply as a preplant burndown treatment.
	Trifluralin 0.5	(Treflan, Trifluralin) 4 EC 1 pt (Treflan TR-10) 5 lb	3	Annual broadleaf and grass weeds. Do not apply to muck soils. Mineral soils with 2%–5% organic material, apply 0.75 lb a.i./A. Incorporate 4 inches or less with 8 hr of application. PHI 60 days.
POSTEMERGENCE	Carfentrazone Up to 0.031	(Aim) 2 EC up to 2 fl oz	14	Emerged broadleaf weeds. Apply as hooded application to row middles only. Use crop oil concentrate or nonionic surfactant at recommended rate. May be tank-mixed with other herbicides. No more than 6.1 fl oz per cropping season. PHI 0 days.
	Clethodim 0.09-0.13 0.07-0.13	(Arrow) 2 EC 6–8 fl oz (Select Max) 1 EC 9–16 fl oz	1	Perennial and annual grass weeds. In fields with heavy grass pressure or larger grass weeds, use higher rates or repeat applications 14 days apart. Use a crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v in the finished spray volume. Nonionic surfactant with Select Max. PHI 30 days.
	Fluazifop 0.188	(Fusilade DX) 2 EC 12 fl oz	1	Actively growing grass weeds. No more than 48 fl oz/A per growing season. Withhold field flooding 45–60 days following application. In Palm Beach and Hendry Counties, a 60-day interval must be observed for flooding. PHI 45 days.
	Linuron 0.5–1.0	(Lorox DF) 50 DF 1–2 lb	7	Apply after carrots are 3 inches tall. Repeat applications may be made but do not exceed 4 lb/A. Can be applied following Stoddard Solvent provided that the applications are at least 1 day apart. Do not tank-mix with Stoddard Solvent.
	Metribuzin 0.25	(Metribuzin, Metri, Tricor) 75 DF 0.3 lb (Metri, Tricor) 4 F 0.5 pt	5	Broadleaf and grass control. No more than 0.5 lb a.i./A per season. Apply after carrots have 5–6 true leaves and weeds are less than 1 inch in height. If needed, a second application may be made after an interval of at least 3 weeks. PHI 60 days.

Pelargonic acid	(Scythe) 4.2 EC 3%–10% v/v	27	Emerged broadleaf and grass weeds. Direct spray to row middles. Product is a contact, nonselective, foliar-applied herbicide with no residual control. May be tank-mixed with several soil residual compounds.
Prometryn 1.0–2.0	(Caparol) 4 L 2–4 pt	5	Most annual broadleaf and grass weeds. Apply up to 6-leaf stage of carrot. 1 application of 4 pt/A or 2 applications of 2 pt/A. For POST control of weeds, include NIS or COC. Consult label for rotational crop restrictions. PHI 30 days.
Sethoxydim 0.28-0.38	(Poast) 1.5 EC 1.5–2.0 pt	1	Emerged grass weeds. No more than 5 pt/A per season. Include a crop oil concentrate. Unsatisfactory results may occur if applied to grasses under stress. PHI 30 days.
S-metolachlor	(Dual Magnum) 7.62 EC	15	Grass and broadleaf weeds and nutsedge. Label is a Third-Party Registration (TPR, Inc.). Use without a signed authorization and waiver of liability is a misuse of the product.

Table 8. Herbicides approved for managing weeds in radish. **Labels change frequently. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical.** Contact: Peter J. Dittmar, UF/IFAS Department of Horticultural Sciences, Gainesville.

	Active Ingredient lb a.i./Acre	Trade Name Product/Acre	MOA Code	Weeds Controlled/Remarks
PREPLANT/ PREEMERGENCE	Carfentrazone up to 0.031	(Aim) 2 EC up to 2 fl oz	14	Apply as a preplant burndown for emerged broadleaf weeds. Use crop oil concentrate, methylated seed oil, or nonionic surfactant at recommended rates. No more than 0.096 lb a.i./A per season. No pretransplant interval.
	Glyphosate	(various formulation) consult labels	9	Emerged broadleaf and grass weeds. Apply as a preplant burndown. Consult label for individual product directions.
	Pelargonic acid	(Scythe) 4.2 EC 3%–10% v/v	27	Emerged broadleaf and grass weeds. Apply as a preplant burndown before planting.
	Pyraflufen ethyl 0.001-0.003	(ET Herbicide) 0.208 EC 0.5–2.0 fl oz	14	Emerged broadleaf weeds. Apply as a preplant burndown treatment.
	S-metolachlor	(Dual Magnum) 7.62 EC	15	Grass, broadleaf weeds, and nutsedge. Label is a Third- Party Registration (TPR, Inc.). Use without a signed authorization and waiver of liability is a misuse of the product.
	Trifluralin 0.5–0.75	(Treflan HFP, Trifluralin) 4 EC 1.0–1.5 pt (Treflan) 4 L 1.0–1.5 pt	3	Annual broadleaf and grass weeds. Incorporate or irrigate 4 inches within 8 hr. Results in Florida are erratic on soils with low organic matter and clay contents.
POSTEMERGENCE	Clethodim 0.09-0.13 0.07-0.13	(Arrow) 2 EC 6–8 fl oz (Select Max) 1 EC 9–16 fl oz	1	Emerged annual and perennial grass weeds. Reapplications at least 14 days apart. No more than 0.25 lb a.i./A per season. PHI 15 days.
	Sethoxydim 0.47	(Poast) 1.5 EC 2.5 pt	1	Emerged grass weeds. No more than 3.0 pt/A per season. Include a crop oil concentrate. Head lettuce and radicchio PHI 30 days. Leaf lettuce and endive PHI 15 days.

Table 9. Herbicides approved for managing weeds in sweetpotato. **Labels change frequently. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical.** Contact: Peter J. Dittmar, UF/IFAS Department of Horticultural Sciences, Gainesville.

	Active Ingredient Ib a.i./Acre	Trade Name Product/Acre	MOA Code	Weeds Controlled/Remarks
PRETRANSPLANT	Carfentrazone up to 0.031	(Aim) 2 EC up to 2 fl oz	14	Apply as a preplant burndown for emerged broadleaf weeds. Use crop oil concentrate, methylated seed oil, or nonionic surfactant at recommended rates. No more than 0.096 lb a.i./A per season. No pretransplant interval.
	Clomazone 0.49–0.75	(Command) 3 ME 1.3–2.0 pt	13	Annual broadleaf and grass weeds. Use lower rates on coarse soils. Apply within 5 days of transplanting.
	Flumioxazin 0.096	(Valor) 51 WDG 3 oz	14	Annual broadleaf weeds. Do not use transplants that were harvested 2 days before application. Severe injury occurs if applied after transplanting. Apply 2–5 days before transplanting and minimize soil disturbance after application
	Glyphosate	(various formulations) consult labels	9	Emerged broadleaf and grass weeds. Apply as a preplant burndown. Consult labels for individual product directions.
	Napropamide 1.0-2.0	(Devrinol DF XT) 50 DF 2.0–4.0 lb	15	Annual broadleaf and grass weeds. Apply immediately after transplanting. If rainfall does not occur within 24 hr after application, then incorporate or irrigate 2–4 inches. deep.
	Pelargonic acid	(Scythe) 4.2 EC 3%–10% v/v	27	Emerged broadleaf and grass weeds. Apply as a preplant burndown treatment. Scythe is a contact and nonresidual herbicide and can be tank-mixed with residual preemergence herbicides to lengthen control.
	Pyraflufen 0.001–0.003	(ET Herbicide) 0.208 EC 0.5–2.0 fl oz	14	Emerged broadleaf weeds and grass weeds. Apply as a preplant burndown treatment.
POSTTRANSPLANT	Carfentrazone up to 0.031	(Aim) 2 EC up to 2 fl oz	14	Emerged broadleaf weeds. Apply as a hooded application to row middles only. Use crop oil concentrate or nonionic surfactant at recommended rates. May be tank-mixed with other herbicides. No more than 6.1 fl oz per cropping season PHI 0 days.
	Clethodim 0.09–0.25 0.07–0.25	(Select, Arrow) 2 EC 6–16 fl oz (Select Max) 1 EC 9–16	1	Perennial and annual grass weeds. In fields with heavy grass pressure or larger grass weeds, use higher rates or repeat application 14 days apart. Consult the label for the necessary surfactant. PHI 30 days.
	Pelargonic acid	(Scythe) 4.2 EC 3%–10% v/v	27	Emerged broadleaf and grass weeds. Direct spray to row middles. Product is a contact, nonselective, foliar-applied herbicide with no residual control. May be tank-mixed with several soil residual compounds.
	Sethoxydim 0.28-0.47	(Poast) 1.5 EC 1.5–2.5 pt	1	Emerged grass weeds. No more than 5 pt/A per season. Include a crop oil concentrate. Unsatisfactory results may occur if applied to grasses under stress. PHI 60 days.
	S-metolachlor	(Dual Magnum) 7.62 EC	15	Grass and broadleaf weeds and nutsedge. Label is a Third-Party Registration (TPR, Inc.). Use without a signed authorization and waiver of liability is a misuse of the product.

Table 10. Insecticides labeled for management of arthropod pests of carrot and beet. Labels change frequently. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical. Please refer to chapter 19 for information on biopesticides, including materials labeled for certified organic production. Contact: Julien Beuzelin, UF/IFAS Everglades Research and Education Center.

Insect or Mite Pest	MOA Code ¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Remarks ²
Aphids	1B	Malathion 5EC (malathion)	1.5-2.0 pt	Beets: 12 Carrots: 24	7	No more than 3 applications for beets and 2 applications for carrots
	1B	Malathion 8F (malathion)	1.25 pt	12	7	No more than 3 applications. Beets only.
	3A	*Brigade 2EC (bifenthrin)	5.12–6.4 fl oz	12	Carrots: 21 Beets: 1	No more than 32 fl oz/A or 0.5 lb a.i./A per year for carrots, and 25.6 fl oz/A or 0.4 lb a.i./A per year for beets.
	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha- cypermethrin)	3.2-3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	3.2-4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A. Leaves cannot be used for food or feed.
	4A	Actara (thiamethoxam)	1.5–4.0 oz	12	7	No more than 8 oz/A.
	4A	Admire Pro (imidacloprid)	Soil: 4.4–10.5 fl oz Foliar: 1.2 fl oz	12	Soil: 21 Foliar: 5	No more than 1 soil application. No more than 3.7 fl oz/A for foliar applications. Leaves may be used for food.
	4A	Platinum 75SG (thiamethoxam)	1.7-4.0 oz	12	At planting	No more than 4.0 oz/A.
	4C	Transform WG (sulfoxaflor)	Leaf production: 0.75-1.0 oz Root production: 0.75-1.5 oz	24	7	No more than 8.5 oz/A per year.
	4D	Sivanto Prime (flupyradifurone)	7–14 fl oz	4	7	No more than 28 fl oz per year.
	29	Beleaf 50 SG (flonicamid)	2.0-2.8 oz	12	3	No more than 8.4 oz/A per year.
Beetles includes blister	1A	Sevin 80S; XLR; 4F (carbaryl)	80S: 0.63–2.5 lb XLR, 4F: 0.5–2 qt	12	7	No more than 6 applications.
peetles, cucumber peetles, flea peetles)	1B	Malathion 8F (malathion)	1.25 pt	12	7	No more than 3 applications. Beets only.
beeties)	3A	*Baythroid XL (beta-cyfluthrin)	1.6-2.8 fl oz	12	0	No more than 14 fl oz/A. Carrots only.
	3A	*Brigade 2EC (bifenthrin)	5.12–6.4 fl oz	12	Carrots: 21 Beets: 1	No more than 32 fl oz/A or 0.5 lb a.i./A per year for carrots and 25.6 fl oz/A or 0.4 lb a.i./A per year for beets.
	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha- cypermethrin)	1.8-3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	1.76-4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A. Leaves cannot be used for food or feed.
	4A	Actara (thiamethoxam)	1.5-4.0 oz	12	7	No more than 8 oz/A.

Insect or Mite Pest	MOA Code ¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Remarks ²
	4A	Admire Pro (imidacloprid)	Soil: 4.4–10.5 fl oz Foliar: 1.2 fl oz	12	Soil: 21 Foliar: 5	No more than 1 soil application. No more than 3.7 fl oz/A for foliar applications. Leaves may be used for food.
	4A	Platinum 75SG (thiamethoxam)	1.7-4.0 oz	12	At planting	No more than 4.0 oz/A.
Caterpillars (includes beet	1A	Sevin 80S; XLR; 4F (carbaryl)	805: 0.63–2.5 lb XLR, 4F: 0.5–2 qt	12	7	No more than 6 applications.
armyworm, celery leaf-tier, corn earworm, cutworms, fall	1B	*Diazinon AG500 *Diazinon (diazinon)	AG500: 1–4 qt 50W: 2–8 lb	72	Preplant	No more than 1 application per year.
armyworm, loopers)	1B	Malathion 8F (malathion)	1.25 pt	12	7	No more than 3 applications. Beets only.
	3A	*Baythroid XL (beta-cyfluthrin)	1.6-2.8 fl oz	12	0	No more than 14 fl oz/A. Carrots only.
	3A	*Brigade 2EC (bifenthrin)	5.12-6.4 fl oz	12	Carrots: 21 Beets: 1	No more than 32 fl oz/A or 0.5 lb a.i./A per year for carrots and 25.6 fl oz/A or 0.4 lb a.i./A per year for beets.
	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha- cypermethrin)	1.3–3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	1.28-4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A. Leaves cannot be used for food or feed.
	5	Radiant SC (spinetoram)	Leaves: 5–10 fl oz Roots: 6–8 fl oz	4	Leaves: 3 Roots: 3 for carrots, 7 for beets	Leaves: No more than 34 fl oz/A per year. Roots: No more than 28 fl oz/A per year for carrots and 32 fl oz/A per year for beets.
	11A	Agree WG (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies aizawai)	0.5–2.0 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.
	11A	Biobit HP (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies kurstaki)	0.5–2.0 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.
	11A	Crymax WDG (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies kurstaki)	0.5–2.0 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.
	11A	Deliver (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies kurstaki)	0.25–1.5 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.
	11A	DiPel DF (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies kurstaki)	0.5–2.0 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.
	11A	Javelin WG (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies kurstaki)	0.12-1.50 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.

Insect or Mite Pest	MOA Code ¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Remarks ²
	11A	Xentari DF (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies aizawai)	0.5–2.0 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.
	18	Intrepid 2F (methoxyfenozide)	Leaves: 4–16 fl oz Roots: 8–16 fl oz	4	Leaves: 1 Roots: 14	No more than 64 fl oz/A.
	22	Avaunt Evo (indoxacarb)	3.5-6.0 oz	12	7	No more than 24 oz/A. Beets only.
	28	Coragen (chlorantraniliprole)	3.5–7.5 fl oz	4	1	No more than 15.4 fl oz/A.
	28	Exirel (cyantraniliprole)	10-20.5 fl oz	12	1	No more than 0.4 lb a.i./A per year of cyantraniliprole, including all application types.
	28	Vantacor (chlorantraniliprole)	1.2-2.5 fl oz	4	1	No more than 5.1 fl oz/A.
	28	Verimark (cyantraniliprole)	10–13.5 fl oz	4	At planting	No more than 0.4 lb a.i./A per year of cyantraniliprole, including all application types.
	32	Spear-Lep (GS-omega/kappa- Hxtx-Hv1a)	1–2 pt	4	0	Must be tank-mixed with a <i>Bacillus</i> thurigiensis (<i>Bt</i>) product. No more than 10 gal/A per year.
Grasshoppers	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha- cypermethrin)	3.2-3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	3.2-4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A. Leaves cannot be used for food or feed.
eafhoppers	1A	Sevin 80S; XLR; 4F (carbaryl)	80S: 0.63–2.5 lb XLR, 4F: 0.5–2 qt	12	7	No more than 6 applications.
	1B	Malathion 5EC (malathion)	1.5-2.0 pt	Beets: 12 Carrots: 24	7	No more than 3 applications for beets and 2 applications for carrots.
	3A	*Asana XL (esfenvalerate)	5.8–9.6 fl oz	12	7	No more than 96 fl oz/A. Carrots only.
	3A	*Baythroid XL (beta-cyfluthrin)	1.6-2.8 fl oz	12	0	No more than 14 fl oz/A. Carrots only.
	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha- cypermethrin)	1.8-3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	1.76–4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A. Leaves cannot be used for food or feed.
	4A	Actara (thiamethoxam)	1.5-4.0 oz	12	7	No more than 8 oz/A.
	4A	Admire Pro (imidacloprid)	Soil: 4.4–10.5 fl oz Foliar: 1.2 fl oz	12	Soil: 21 Foliar: 5	No more than 1 soil application. No more than 3.7 fl oz/A for foliar applications. Leaves may be used for food.
	4A	Platinum 75SG (thiamethoxam)	1.7–4.0 oz	12	At planting	No more than 4.0 oz/A.
	4C	Transform WG (sulfoxaflor)	1.5–2.75 oz	24	7	No more than 8.5 oz/A per year.
	4D	Sivanto Prime (flupyradifurone)	7–14 fl oz	4	7	No more than 28 fl oz per year.

Insect or Mite Pest	MOA Code ¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Remarks ²
Leafminers	5	Radiant SC (spinetoram)	Leaves: 5–10 fl oz Roots: 6–8 fl oz	4	Leaves: 3 Roots: 3 for carrots, 7 for beets	Leaves: No more than 34 fl oz/A per year. Roots: No more than 28 fl oz/A per year for carrots and 32 fl oz/A per year for beets.
Mole crickets and wireworms	1B	*Diazinon AG500 *50W (diazinon)	AG500: 1–4 qt 50W: 2–8 lb	72	Preplant	No more than 1 application per year.
Plant bugs	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha- cypermethrin)	3.2-3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A.
	29	Beleaf 50 SG (flonicamid)	2.0-2.8 oz	12	3	No more than 8.4 oz/A per year.
Stink bugs	1A	Sevin 80S; XLR; 4F (carbaryl)	805: 0.63–2.5 lb XLR, 4F: 0.5–2 qt	12	7	No more than 6 applications.
Tarnished plant bug	1A	Sevin 80S; XLR; 4F (carbaryl)	805: 0.63–2.5 lb XLR, 4F: 0.5–2 qt	12	7	No more than 6 applications.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	3.2-4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A. Leaves cannot be used for food or feed.
Weevils	3A	*Asana XL (esfenvalerate)	9.6 fl oz	12	7	No more than 96 fl oz/A. Carrots only.
	3A	*Baythroid XL (beta-cyfluthrin)	1.6-2.8 fl oz	12	0	No more than 14 fl oz/A. Carrots only.
3A	*Fastac CS (alpha- cypermethrin)	1.8–3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A per season.	
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	1.76-4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A. Leaves cannot be used for food or feed.

¹Mode of Action (MOA) codes for plant pest insecticides from the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC) Mode of Action Classification v. 11.1 January 2024. Number codes are used to distinguish the main insecticide mode of action groups, with additional letters for certain subgroups within each main group. All insecticides within the same group (with the same number) indicate the same active ingredient or a similar mode of action. This information must be considered for the insecticide resistance management decisions.

²Information provided in this table applies only to Florida. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any product. The use of brand names and any mention or listing of commercial products or services in the publication does not imply endorsement by UF/IFAS Extension nor discrimination against similar products or services not mentioned.

^{*}Restricted use insecticide.

Table 11. Insecticides labeled for management of arthropod pests of radish. Labels change frequently. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical. Please refer to chapter 19 for information on biopesticides, including materials labeled for certified organic production. Contact: Julien Beuzelin, UF/IFAS Everglades Research and Education Center.

Insect or Mite Pest	MOA Code ¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Remarks ²
Aphids	1B	Malathion 5EC, 8F (malathion)	5EC: 1.5 pt 8F: 1.0 pt	12	7	No more than 3 applications per year.
	3A	*Brigade 2EC (bifenthrin)	5.12-6.4 fl oz	12	21	No more than 32 fl oz/A or 0.5 lb a.i./A per year.
	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha- cypermethrin)	3.2–3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	3.2-4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A.
	4A	Actara (thiamethoxam)	1.5-3.0 oz	12	7	No more than 4 oz/A.
	4A	Admire Pro (imidacloprid)	Foliar: 1.2 fl oz Soil: 4.4–10.5 fl oz	12	Foliar: 7 Soil: 21	No more than 1.2 fl oz/A (foliar) or 10.5 fl oz/A (soil).
	4A	Platinum 75 SG (thiamethoxam)	1.7–2.17 oz	12	At planting	No more than 2.17 oz/A.
	4C	Transform WG (sulfoxaflor)	Leaf production: 0.75-1.0 oz Root production: 0.75-1.5 oz	24	7	No more than 8.5 oz/A per year.
	4D	Sivanto Prime (flupyradifurone)	7–14 fl oz	4	7	No more than 28 fl oz/A per year.
	28	Exirel (cyantraniliprole)	13.5–20.5 fl oz	12	1	No more than 0.4 lb a.i./A per year of cyantraniliprole, including all application types.
	29	Beleaf 50 SG (flonicamid)	2.0-2.8 oz	12	3	No more than 8.4 oz/A per year.
Beetles (includes cucumber beetle,	1A	Sevin 4F, XLR Plus (carbaryl)	0.5–1.0 qt	12	7	No more than 6 qt/A per year.
flea beetles) and weevils	1B	Malathion 8F (malathion)	1.0 pt	12	7	No more than 3 applications per year. Flea beetles only.
	3A	*Asana XL (esfenvalerate)	5.8–9.6 fl oz	12	7	No more than 19.2 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Baythroid XL (beta-cyfluthrin)	1.6-2.8 fl oz	12	0	No more than 14.0 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Brigade 2EC (bifenthrin)	5.12-6.4 fl oz	12	21	No more than 32 fl oz/A or 0.5 lb a.i./A per year.
	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha- cypermethrin)	1.8–3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	1.76-4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A.
	4A	Actara (thiamethoxam)	1.5-3.0 oz	12	7	No more than 4 oz/A. Flea beetles only.
	4A	Admire Pro (imidacloprid)	1.2 fl oz	12	7	No more than 1.2 fl oz/A.
	4A	Platinum 75 SG (thiamethoxam)	1.7–2.17 oz	12	At planting	No more than 2.17 oz/A.

Insect or Mite Pest	MOA Code ¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Remarks ²
Caterpillars (includes	1A	*Lannate SP, *LV (methomyl)	SP: 0.5 lb LV: 1.5 pt	48	3	Special Local Need 24(c) label for beet armyworm control in Florida.
cutworms, armyworms, corn earworm,	1A	Sevin 4F, XLR Plus (carbaryl)	1–2 qt	12	7	No more than 6 qt/A per year.
hornworm, loopers, webworms,	1B	*Diazinon AG-500 *Diazinon 50W (diazinon)	AG500: 2–4 qt 50W: 4–8 lb	72	preplant	No more than 1 application per year.
saltmarsh caterpillar)	3A	*Asana XL (esfenvalerate)	5.8–9.6 fl oz	12	7	No more than 19.2 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Baythroid XL (beta-cyfluthrin)	1.6-2.8 fl oz	12	0	No more than 14.0 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Brigade 2EC (bifenthrin)	5.12-6.4 fl oz	12	21	No more than 32 fl oz/A or 0.5 lb a.i./A per year.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	1.28–4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A.
	5	Radiant SC (spinetoram)	Foliage harvest: 5-10 fl oz Root harvest: 6-8 fl oz	4	3	No more than 34 fl oz/A (foliage harvest) or 24 fl oz/A (root harvest) per year.
	11A	Agree WG (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies aizawai)	0.5–2.0 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.
	11A	Biobit HP (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies kurstaki)	0.5–2.0 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.
	11A	Crymax WDG (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies kurstaki)	0.5–2.0 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.
	11A	Deliver (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies kurstaki)	0.25–1.5 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.
	11A	DiPel DF (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies kurstaki)	0.5–2.0 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.
	11A	Javelin WG (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies kurstaki)	0.12–1.5 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.
	11A	Xentari DF (Bacillus thuringiensis subspecies aizawai)	0.5–2.0 lb	4	0	Good coverage is essential.
	18	Intrepid 2F (methoxyfenozide)	Leaves: 4–16 fl oz Roots: 8–16 fl oz	4	Leaves: 1 Roots: 14	No more than 64 fl oz/A.
	28	Coragen (chlorantraniliprole)	3.5-7.5 fl oz	4	1	No more than 15.4 fl oz/A or 0.2 lb a.i./A.
	28	Exirel (cyantraniliprole)	10.0–20.5 fl oz	12	1	No more than 0.4 lb a.i./A per year of cyantraniliprole, including all application types.
	28	Vantacor (chlorantraniliprole)	1.2-2.5floz	4	1	No more than 5.1 fl oz/A or 0.2 lb a.i./A.
	28	Verimark (cyantraniliprole)	10–13.5 fl oz	4	At planting	No more than 0.4 lb a.i./A per year of cyantraniliprole, including all application types.

Insect or Mite Pest	MOA Code ¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Remarks ²
	32	Spear-Lep (GS-omega/kappa- Hxtx-Hv1a)	1–2 pt	4	0	Must be tank-mixed with a <i>Bacillus</i> thurigiensis (Bt) product. No more than 10 gal/A per year.
Grasshoppers, mole crickets	1B	*Diazinon AG-500 *Diazinon 50W (diazinon)	AG500: 1 qt 50W: 2 lb	72	Preplant	No more than 1 application per year.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	3.2–4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A.
Leafhoppers	1A	Sevin 4F, XLR Plus (carbaryl)	0.5–1.0 qt	12	7	No more than 6 qt/A per year.
	1B	Malathion 8F (malathion)	1.0 pt	12	7	No more than 3 applications per year.
	3A	*Baythroid XL (beta-cyfluthrin)	1.6-2.8 fl oz	12	0	No more than 14.0 fl oz/A. Do not consume tops.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	1.76-4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A.
	4A	Actara (thiamethoxam)	1.5-3.0 oz	12	7	No more than 4 oz/A.
	4A	Admire Pro (imidacloprid)	Foliar: 1.2 fl oz Soil: 4.4–10.5 fl oz	12	Foliar: 7 Soil: 21	No more than 1.2 fl oz/A (foliar) or 10.5 fl oz/A (soil).
	4A	Platinum 75 SG (thiamethoxam)	1.7–2.17 oz	12	At planting	No more than 2.17 oz/A.
	4C	Transform WG (sulfoxaflor)	1.5–2.75 oz	24	7	No more than 8.5 oz/A per year.
	4D	Sivanto Prime (flupyradifurone)	7–14 fl oz	4	7	No more than 28 fl oz/A per year.
Leafminers	5	Radiant SC (spinetoram)	Foliage harvest: 6-10 fl oz Root harvest: 6-8 fl oz	4	3	No more than 34 fl oz/A (foliage harvest) or 24 fl oz/A (root harvest) per year.
Mites: carmine spider mite, two- spotted spider mite	3A	*Brigade 2EC (bifenthrin)	5.12–6.4 fl oz	12	21	No more than 32 fl oz/A or 0.5 lb a.i./A per year
Stink bugs, plant bugs, meadow	1A	Sevin 4F, XLR Plus (carbaryl)	1–2 qt	12	7	No more than 6 qt/A per year.
spittlebug	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha- cypermethrin)	3.2-3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	3.2-4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A.
Thrips (check label	4A	Admire Pro (imidacloprid)	4.4–10.5 fl oz	12	Soil: 21	No more than 10.5 fl oz/A (soil).
for species controlled)	5	Radiant SC (spinetoram)	Foliage harvest: 6-10 fl oz Root harvest: 6-8 fl oz	4	3	No more than 34 fl oz/A (foliage harvest) or 24 fl oz/A (root harvest) per year.

Insect or Mite Pest	MOA Code ¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Remarks ²
Whiteflies	3A	*Brigade 2EC (bifenthrin)	5.12–6.4 fl oz	12	21	No more than 32 fl oz/A or 0.5 lb a.i./A per year.
	4A	Actara (thiamethoxam)	3.0-4.0 oz	12	7	No more than 4 oz/A.
	4A	Admire Pro (imidacloprid)	Foliar: 1.2 fl oz Soil: 4.4–10.5 fl oz	12	Foliar: 7 Soil: 21	No more than 1.2 fl oz/A (foliar) or 10.5 fl oz/A (soil).
	4A	Platinum 75 SG (thiamethoxam)	1.7-2.17 oz	12	At planting	No more than 2.17 oz/A.
	4C	Transform WG (sulfoxaflor)	2–2.75 oz	24	7	No more than 8.5 oz/A per year.
	4D	Sivanto Prime (flupyradifurone)	10.5-14.0 fl oz	4	7	No more than 28 fl oz/A per year.
	29	Beleaf 50 SG (flonicamid)	2.8 oz	12	3	No more than 8.4 oz/A per year.
Wireworms	1B	*Diazinon AG-500 *Diazinon 50 W (diazinon)	AG500: 2–4 qt 50W: 4–8 lb	72	preplant	No more than 1 application per year.

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*Restricted use insecticide.

Table 12. Insecticides labeled for management of arthropod pests of sweetpotato. Labels change frequently. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical. Please refer to chapter 19 for information on biopesticides, including materials labeled for certified organic production. Contact: Julien Beuzelin, UF/IFAS Everglades Research and Education Center.

Insects	MOA Code ¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Notes ²
Aphids	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha-cypermethrin)	3.2-3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	3.2-4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A. Leaves cannot be used for food or feed.
	3A	*Warrior II (lambda-cyhalothrin)	1.28–1.92 fl oz	24	7	No more than 7.68 fl oz/A. Many other brands with same active ingredient are available.
	3A + 28	*Besiege (lambda-cyhalothrin + chlorantraniliprole)	5–9 fl oz	24	14	No more than 27.0 fl oz/A.
	4A	Actara (thiamethoxam)	1.5-3.0 oz	12	14	No more than 6 oz/A.
	4A	Admire Pro (imidacloprid)	Soil: 4.4–10.5 fl oz Foliar: 1.2 fl oz	12	Soil: 125 Foliar: 7	No more than 1 soil application. No more than 3.7 fl oz/A for foliar application.
	4A	Assail 30SG (acetamiprid)	2.5-4.0 oz	12	7	No more than 16 oz/A per year.
	4A	Belay (clothianidin)	In-furrow or side-dress: 9–12 fl oz Foliar: 2–3 fl oz	12	Foliar: 14	No more than 12 fl oz/A per year.
	4A	Platinum 75SG (thiamethoxam)	1.66-2.67 oz	12	Applied at planting	No more than 2.67 oz/A.
	4C	Transform WG (sulfoxaflor)	Leaf production: 0.75-1.0 oz Root production: 0.75-1.5 oz	24	7	No more than 8.5 oz/A per year.
	4D	Sivanto Prime (flupyradifurone)	7–14 fl oz	4	7	No more than 28 fl oz/A per year.
	9B	Fulfill (pymetrozine)	2.75–5.5 oz	12	14	No more than 11 oz/A.
	9B	PQZ (pyrifluquinazon)	2.4-3.2 fl oz	12	7	No more than 9.6 fl oz/A.
	23	Movento (spirotetramat)	4.0-5.0 fl oz	24	7	No more than 10 fl oz/A.
	28	Verimark (cyantraniliprole)	6.75–13.5 fl oz	4	At planting	No more than 0.4 lb a.i./A per year of cyantraniliprole, including all application types.
	29	Beleaf 50 SG (flonicamid)	2.0-2.8 oz	12	7	No more than 8.4 oz/A per year.
Beetles (including cucumber beetle,	1A	Sevin 80S; XLR; 4F (carbaryl)	805: 1.25–2.5 lb XLR, 4F: 1–2 qt	12	7	No more than 10 lb/A (80S) or 8 qt/A (4F, XLR). See label for preplant dip treatment.
Japanese beetle, tortoise beetle, flea beetle, whitefringed beetle)	1B	Imidan 70 W (phosmet)	1.3 lb	Seedbed treatment: 4 days Foliar: 5 days	7	No more than 5 applications per season. Do not apply through irrigation system. Crop must be mechanically harvested.
	1B	*Mocap 15 G, *EC (ethoprop)	See labels	48	Preplant	2–3 weeks before planting.

Insects	MOA Code ¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Notes ²
	3A	*Baythroid XL (beta-cyfluthrin)	0.8-2.8 fl oz	12	0	No more than 16.8 fl oz/A per season.
	3A	*Brigade 2 EC (bifenthrin)	Soil: At plant: 9.6–19.2 fl oz At lay-by: 3.2–9.6 fl oz Foliar: 2.1–6.4 fl oz	12	21	No more than 32 fl oz/A or 0.5 lb a.i./A per year.
	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha-cypermethrin)	1.8–3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A per season.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	1.76–4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A per season. Leaves cannot be used for food or feed.
	3A	*Warrior II (lambda-cyhalothrin)	0.96–1.92 fl oz	24	7	No more than 7.68 fl oz/A per crop. Many other brands with same active ingredient are available.
	3A + 4A	*Endigo ZC (lambda-cyhalothrin + thiamethoxam)	3.5–4.5 fl oz	24	14	No more than 10 fl oz/A.
	3A + 28	*Besiege (lambda-cyhalothrin + chlorantraniliprole)	5–9 oz	24	14	No more than 27.0 fl oz/A.
	4A	Actara (thiamethoxam)	1.5–3.0 oz	12	14	No more than 6 oz/A.
	4A	Admire Pro (imidacloprid)	Soil: 4.4–10.5 fl oz Foliar: 1.2 fl oz	12	Soil: 125 Foliar: 7	No more than 1 soil application. No more than 3.7 fl oz/A for foliar applications. Flea beetles only.
	4A	Assail 30SG (acetamiprid)	1.5–4.0 oz	12	7	No more than 16 oz/A per year.
	4A	Belay (clothianidin)	In-furrow or side-dress: 9-12 fl oz Foliar: 2-3 fl oz	12	Foliar: 14	No more than 12 fl oz/A per year. Flea beetles only.
	4A	Platinum 75SG (thiamethoxam)	1.66-2.67 oz	12	Applied at planting	No more than 2.67 oz/A. Flea beetles only.
	4A	Scorpion 35 SL (dinotefuran)	Foliar: 2.0–2.75 fl oz Soil: 11.5–13.25 fl oz	12	Foliar: 7 Soil: apply preplant, preemergence or at ground crack	No more than 8 fl oz/A (foliar) or 13.25 fl oz (soil). Flea beetles only.
	4A + 28	Voliam Flexi (thiamethoxam + chlorantraniliprole)	4 oz	12	14	No more than 8 oz/A.

Insects	MOA Code¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Notes ²
Caterpillars (including armyworms,	1A	Sevin 80S; XLR; 4F (carbaryl)	805: 1.25–2.5 lb XLR, 4F: 1–2 qt	12	7	No more than 10 lb/A (80S) or 8 qt/A (4F, XLR). See label for preplant dip treatment.
loopers, corn earworms,	3A	*Baythroid XL (beta-cyfluthrin)	0.8–2.8 fl oz	12	0	No more than 16.8 fl oz/A.
hornworms, webworms, saltmarsh caterpillars)	3A	*Brigade 2 EC (bifenthrin)	Soil: At plant: 9.6–19.2 fl oz At lay-by: 3.2–9.6 fl oz Foliar: 2.1–6.4 fl oz	12	21	No more than 32 fl oz/A or 0.5 lb a.i./A per year.
	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha-cypermethrin)	1.8–3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	1.76–4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A . Leaves cannot be used for food or feed.
	3A	*Warrior II (lambda-cyhalothrin)	0.96–1.92 fl oz	24	7	No more than 7.68 fl oz/A. Many other brands with same active ingredient are available.
	3A + 28	*Besiege (lambda-cyhalothrin + chlorantraniliprole)	5–9 oz	24	14	No more than 27.0 fl oz/A.
	5	Radiant SC (spinetoram)	Foliage harvest: 5-10 fl oz Root harvest: 6-8 fl oz	4	Leaves: 3 Roots: 7	No more than 34 fl oz/A (foliage harvest) or 32 fl oz/A (root harvest) per year.
	11A	DiPel DF (<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> subspecies <i>kurstaki</i>)	0.5–2.0 lb	4	0	Thorough coverage is essential.
	11A	Xentari DF (<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> subspecies <i>aizawai</i>)	0.5–2.0 lb	4	0	Thorough coverage is essential.
	15	Rimon 0.83 EC (novaluron)	6–12 fl oz	12	14	No more than 24 fl oz/A.
	18	Intrepid 2F (methoxyfenozide)	6–10 fl oz	4	7	No more than 64 fl oz/A per year.
	22	Avaunt eVo (indoxacarb)	2.5-6.0 oz	12	7	No more than 24 oz/A.
	28	Coragen (chlorantraniliprole)	3.5–7.5 fl oz	4	1	No more than 15.4 fl oz/A or 0.2 lb a.i./A chlorantraniliprole per crop.
	28	Exirel (cyantraniliprole)	10-20.5 fl oz	12	1	No more than 0.4 lb a.i./A per year of cyantraniliprole, including all application types.
	28	Vantacor (chlorantraniliprole)	1.2-2.5 fl oz	4	1	No more than 5.1 fl oz/A or 0.2 lb a.i./A chlorantraniliprole per crop.
	28	Verimark (cyantraniliprole)	6.75–13.5 fl oz	4	At planting	No more than 0.4 lb a.i./A per year of cyantraniliprole, including all application types.
	32	Spear-Lep (GS-omega/kappa- Hxtx-Hv1a)	1–2 pt	4	0	Must be tank-mixed with a <i>Bacillus thurigiensis (Bt)</i> product. No more than 10 gal/A per year.

Insects	MOA Code ¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Notes ²
Leafhoppers	1B	Malathion 5EC (malathion)	1.5–2.5 pt	12	0	No more than 2 applications per year.
	3A	*Baythroid XL (beta-cyfluthrin)	0.8–2.8 fl oz	12	0	No more than 16.8 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha-cypermethrin)	1.8–3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	1.76-4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A. Leaves cannot be used for food or feed.
	3A	*Warrior II (lambda-cyhalothrin)	0.96-1.92 fl oz	24	7	No more than 7.68 fl/A.
	3A + 4A	*Endigo ZC (lambda-cyhalothrin + thiamethoxam)	3.5–4.5 fl oz	24	14	No more than 10 fl oz/A.
	3A + 28	*Besiege (lambda-cyhalothrin + chlorantraniliprole)	5–9 oz	24	14	No more than 27.0 fl oz/A.
	4A	Admire Pro (imidacloprid)	Soil: 4.4–10.5 fl oz Foliar: 1.2 fl oz	12	Soil: 125 Foliar: 7	No more than 1 soil application. No more than 3.7 fl oz/A for foliar applications.
	4A	Assail 30SG (acetamiprid)	1.5-4.0 oz	12	7	No more than 16 oz/A per year.
	4A	Platinum 75SG (thiamethoxam)	1.66-2.67 oz	12	Applied at planting	No more than 1 application at planting.
	4A	Scorpion 35 SL (dinotefuran)	Foliar: 2.0–2.75 fl oz Soil: 11.5–13.25 fl oz	12	Foliar: 7 Soil: apply preplant, preemergence, or at ground crack	No more than 8 fl oz/A for foliar applications or 13.25 fl oz for a soil application.
	4A + 28	Voliam Flexi (thiamethoxam + chlorantraniliprole)	4 oz	12	14	No more than 8 oz/A.
	4C	Transform WG (sulfoxaflor)	1.5–2.75 oz	24	7	No more than 8.5 oz/A per year.
	4D	Sivanto Prime (flupyradifurone)	7–14 fl oz	4	7	No more than 28 fl oz/A per year.
	23	Movento (spirotetramat)	4.0-5.0 fl oz	24	7	No more than 10 fl oz/A.
Leafminers	1B	Malathion 5EC (malathion)	1.5–2.5 pt	12	0	No more than 2 applications per year.
	4A	Actara (thiamethoxam)	1.5–3.0 oz	12	14	No more than 6 oz/A.
	5	Radiant SC (spinetoram)	Foliage harvest: 5-10 fl oz Root harvest: 6-8 fl oz	4	Leaves: 3 Roots: 7	No more than 34 fl oz/A (foliage harvest) or 32 fl oz/A (root harvest) per year.
	6	*Agri-Mek SC (abamectin)	1.75–3.5 fl oz	12	14	No more than 10.25 fl oz/A per year.
	15	Rimon 0.83 EC (novaluron)	6–12 fl oz	12	14	No more than 24 fl oz/A.

Insects	MOA Code ¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Notes ²
Mites	6	*Agri-Mek SC (abamectin)	1.75–3.5 fl oz	12	14	No more than 10.25 fl oz/A per year.
	23	Oberon 2SC (spiromesifen)	8–16 fl oz	12	7	No more than 32 fl oz/A.
Stink bugs, plant bugs	3A	*Fastac CS (alpha-cypermethrin)	3.2-3.8 fl oz	12	1	No more than 11.4 fl oz/A.
	3A	*Mustang Maxx (zeta-cypermethrin)	3.2-4.0 fl oz	12	1	No more than 24 fl oz/A. Leaves cannot be used for food or feed.
	3A	*Warrior II (lambda-cyhalothrin)	0.96-1.92 fl oz	24	7	No more than 7.68 fl oz/A. Many other brands with same active ingredient are available.
	3A + 4A	*Endigo ZC (lambda-cyhalothrin + thiamethoxam)	3.5–4.5 fl oz	24	14	No more than 10 fl oz/A.
	3A + 28	*Besiege (lambda-cyhalothrin + chlorantraniliprole)	5–9 oz	24	14	No more than 27.0 fl oz/A.
	29	Beleaf 50 SG (flonicamid)	2.0-2.8 oz	12	7	No more than 8.4 oz/A per year.
Sweetpotato weevil	1B	Imidan 70 W (phosmet)	1.3 lb	Seedbed treatment: 4 days Foliar: 5 days	7	No more than 5 applications. Crop must be mechanically harvested.
	3A	*Baythroid XL (beta-cyfluthrin)	0.8-2.8 fl oz	12	0	No more than 16.8 fl oz/A.
	4A	Belay (clothianidin)	9–12 fl oz			No more than 12 fl oz/A per year.
Thrips (check label for species controlled)	5	Radiant SC (spinetoram)	Foliage harvest: 5-10 fl oz Root harvest: 6-8 fl oz	4	Leaves: 3 Roots: 7	No more than 34 fl oz/A (foliage harvest) or 32 fl oz/A (root harvest) per year.
Whitefly	1B	Malathion 5EC (malathion)	1.5–2.5 pt	12	0	No more than 2 applications per year. Tank-mix with pyrethroid for best control.
	3A	*Brigade 2EC (bifenthrin)	2.1-6.4 fl oz	12	21	No more than 32 fl oz/A or 0.5 lb a.i./A per year. Tank-mix with malathion for best control.
	3A	*Warrior II (lambda-cyhalothrin)	2.1-6.4 fl oz	24	7	No more than 7.68 fl oz/A. Tankmix with malathion for best control.
	3A + 4A	*Endigo ZC (lambda-cyhalothrin + thiamethoxam)	3.5–4.5 fl oz	24	14	No more than 10 fl oz/A.
	4A	Admire Pro (imidacloprid)	Soil: 4.4–10.5 fl oz Foliar: 1.2 fl oz	12	Soil: 125 Foliar: 7	No more than 1 soil application. No more than 3.7 fl oz/A for foliar applications.
	4C	Transform WG (sulfoxaflor)	2–2.75 oz	24	7	No more than 8.5 oz/A per year.
	4D	Sivanto Prime (flupyradifurone)	7–14 fl oz	4	7	No more than 28 fl oz/A per year.
	15	Rimon 0.83EC (novaluron)	6–12 fl oz	12	14	No more than 24 fl oz/A.

Insects	MOA Code ¹	Trade Name (Active Ingredient)	Rate Product/ Acre	REI (Hours)	Days to Harvest	Notes ²
	23	Movento (spirotetramat)	4.0-5.0 fl oz	24	7	No more than 10 fl oz/A.
	23	Oberon 2SC (spiromesifen)	8–16 fl oz	12	7	No more than 32 fl oz/A.
Wireworms	1B	*Mocap 15 G, *EC (ethoprop)	See labels	48	Preplant	No more than 1 application 2–3 weeks before planting.
	3A	*Brigade 2 EC (bifenthrin)	Soil: At plant: 9.6–19.2 fl oz At lay-by: 3.2–9.6 fl oz	12	21	No more than 32 fl oz/A or 0.5 lb a.i./A per year.

¹Mode of Action (MOA) codes for plant pest insecticides from the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC) Mode of Action Classification v. 11.1 January 2024. Number codes are used to distinguish the main insecticide mode of action groups, with additional letters for certain subgroups within each main group. All insecticides within the same group (with the same number) indicate the same active ingredient or a similar mode of action. This information must be considered for the insecticide resistance management decisions.

²Information provided in this table applies only to Florida. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any product. The use of brand names and any mention or listing of commercial products or services in the publication does not imply endorsement by UF/IFAS Extension nor discrimination against similar products or services not mentioned.

*Restricted use insecticide.

Table 13. Beet fungicides ordered by disease and then FRAC group according to their mode of action. Labels change frequently. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical. Please refer to chapter 19 for information on biopesticides, including materials labeled for certified organic production. Contact: Mathews Paret, UF/IFAS North Florida Research and Education Center.

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Ra	te/Acre	Min	. Days to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
Alternaria Powdery mildew	7	Fontelis SC (penthiopyrad)	30 fl oz	61 fl oz	0	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to dissimilar chemistry.
	7 + 11	Merivon (fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin)	5.5 fl oz	16.5 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to dissimilar chemistry.
	9+12	Switch 62.5WG (cyprodinil + fludioxonil)	14 oz	56 oz	7	0.5	See label for specifics regarding preplant incorporated applications and surface applications at the time of planting.
	19	OSO 5% SC (polyoxin D zinc salts)	13 fl oz	84 fl oz	0	4 hr	See label for details.
Cercospora	M1	(copper compounds) Many brands available: Americop 40 DF, Badge SC, Badge X2, Basic Copper 53, Champ DP, Champ Formula 2, Champ WG, Champ WP, COC DF, C-O-C-S WDG, COC WP, Copper Count N, Cueva, Cuprofix Ultra, Kentan DF, Kocide DF, Kocide 2000, Kocide 3000, Kocide 4.5 LF, Kop-hydroxide, Mastercop, Nordox 75 WG, Nu-Cop 3L, Nu-Cop 50WP, Nu-Cop DF, Nu-Cop HB, Top Cop w/ Sulfur	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	1	Varies by product from 4 hr to 2 days	_
	M2	(sulfur) Many brands available: Kumulus DF, Micro Sulf, Microthiol Disperss, Sulfur 90W, Top Cop w/ Sulfur, Wettable Sulfur	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	1	1	Do not apply during periods of warm weather. Do not apply within 2 weeks of an oil spray.
	3	(propiconazole) Many brands available: Bumper 41.8EC, Propiconazole 3.6 EC, Propicure 3.6 F, Propi-Star EC, Tilt	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	7	0.5	No more than 4 applications per season.
	3	(tebuconazole) Many brands available: Folicur 3.6F, Monsoon, Onset 3.6L, Orius 3.6F, Tebusha 3.6L, Tebustar 3.6L Tebuzol 3.6F, Toledo	7.2 fl oz	28.8 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 4 applications per season.

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rat	te/Acre	Min	. Days to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	7	Fontelis (penthiopyrad)	30 fl oz	61 fl oz	0	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to dissimilar chemistry.
	7 + 11	Merivon (fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin)	5.5 fl oz	16.5 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications before alternating to dissimilar chemistry.
	11	Cabrio EG (pyraclostrobin)	16 oz	48 oz	0	0.5	No more than 3 applications per crop. Alternate chemistry.
	11	Flint Extra (trifloxystrobin)	3 oz	12 oz	7	0.5	Alternate every other application with a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	11	Gem 500SC (trifloxystrobin)	2.9 fl oz	11.6 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate every other application with a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	11	Quadris (azoxystrobin)	15.4 fl oz	3.75 qt	0	4 hr	Alternate every other application with a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	11	Reason (fenamidone)	8.2 fl oz	24.6 fl oz	2	0.5	Alternate every other application with a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
Damping-off	М3	Defiant 75WP (thiram)	5.3 oz/100 lb of seed	_	_	1	Seed treatment only.
	М3	Signet (thiram)	5.0 oz/100 lb of seed	_	_	1	Seed treatment only.
Downy mildew	33	(mono- and dipotassium salts of phosphorous acids) Many brands available: Confine Xtra, Fosphite, Fungi-phite, K-Phite 7LP, Oxiphos, Rampart	3 qt	-	0	4 hr	See label for details.
	43	Presidio (fluopicolide)	4 fl oz	12 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications.
Pythium seedling blight	4	Apron XL LS (mefenoxam)	0.64 fl oz/100 lb seed	-	_	2	Seed treatment only.
	4	(metalaxyl) Various brands available: Acquire, Allegiance FL, Dynashield, Metalaxyl 318 FS	0.75 fl oz/100 lb seed	-	_	0.5	Seed treatment only.
	4	Metastar 2E (metalaxyl)	8 pt	-	-	1	Apply as a broadcast soil application and incorporate into top 2 inches. See label for directions.
	4	Sebring (metalaxyl)	0.7 fl oz/100 lb seed	_	_	1	Seed treatment only.

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Ra	te/Acre	Min.	Days to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
Pythium seedling diseases	4	Ridomil Gold EC (mefenoxam)	2 pt	_	-	2	Apply at seeding in a 7- to 12-inch band on soil over seed furrow.
	4	Ridomil Gold GR (mefenoxam)	40 lb	_	-	2	See label for specifics regarding preplant incorporated applications and surface applications at the time of planting.
	4	Ultra Flourish (mefenoxam)	4 pt	_	-	2	See label for specifics regarding preplant incorporated applications and surface applications at the time of planting.
Various seedling diseases	4+11	Uniform SC (mefenoxam + azoxystrobin)	0.34 fl oz/1000 ft of row	1 application	-	0	Soil incorporated.
	12	Maxim 4FS (fludioxonil)	0.16 fl oz/100 lb of seed	_	-	0.5	Seed treatment only.
	12	Spirato 480 FS (fludioxonil)	0.16 fl oz/100 lb of seed	_	-	0.5	Seed treatment only.
Various diseases	7+9	Luna Tranquility (fluopyram + pyrimethanil)	11.2 fl oz	54.7 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.

¹FRAC code (fungicide group): Number (1–54) and letters are used to distinguish the fungicide mode of action groups. All fungicides within the same group (with the same number or letter) indicate the same active ingredient or a similar mode of action. This information must be considered for the fungicide resistance management decisions. Source: FRAC Code List 2024; http://www.frac.info/ (FRAC = Fungicide Resistance Action Committee).

²Information provided in this table applies only to Florida. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical. The use of brand names and any mention or listing of commercial products or services in the publication does not imply endorsement by UF/IFAS Extension nor discrimination against similar products or services not mentioned.

Table 14. Carrot fungicides ordered by disease and then FRAC group according to their mode of action. Labels change frequently. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical. Please refer to chapter 19 for information on biopesticides, including materials labeled for certified organic production. Contact: Mathews Paret, UF/IFAS North Florida Research and Education Center.

Pertinent Diseases or Pathogens	Fungicide Group ¹	Chemical (Active Ingredients)	Max Ra	ite/Acre	Min	. Days to	Remarks ²
rumogens			Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	-
Alternaria blight	M1	(copper compounds) Many labels available: Badge SC, Badge X2, Basic Copper 53, Champ, Champ DP, Champ Formula 2, Champ WG, COC DF, COCS WDG, COC WP, Copper Count N, Cueva, Cuprofix Ultra, Cuproxat, Kentan DF, Kocide, Kocide 2000, Kocide 3000, Kop-hydroxide, Mastercop, Nordox 75 WG, Nu-Cop, Nu-Cop 3L, Nu-Cop 50WP, Nu-Cop HB, Previsto, Stretch, Tenn-Cop 5E, Top Cop w/ Sulfur	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	1	Varies by product from 4 hr to 2 days	
	M5	(chlorothalonil) Many labels available: Bravo Ultrex, Bravo Weather Stik, Bravo ZN, Chloronil 720, Chlorothalonil 720SC, Echo 720, Echo 90DF, Echo ZN, Equus 720SST, Equus DF, Initiate 720, Initiate ZN, Praiz	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	7	0.5	-
	M5 + 33	Catamaran (chlorothalonil + phosphite)	4 pt	50 pt	0	0.5	_
	2	(iprodione) Many labels available: Enclosure 4F, Iprodione 4L AG, Meteor, Nevado 4F, Rovral 4F	2 pt	8 pt	0	1	_
	3	(propiconazole) Many labels available: Amtide Propiconazole, Bumper 41.8EC, Fitness, Propicure, Propimax, Propi- Star EC, Shar-Shield PPZ, Tide Propiconazole, Tilt, Topaz, Willowood Azoxy	4 fl oz	16 fl oz	14	0.5	No more than 4 total applications.
	3+9	Inspire Super (difenoconazole + cyprodinil)	20 fl oz	80 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.
	4 + M5	Ridomil Gold Bravo (mefenoxam + chlorothalonil)	2 lb	_	7	2	_
	4 + M5	Ridomil Gold Bravo SC (mefenoxam + chlorothalonil)	2.5 pt	_	7	2	_
	7	Endura (boscalid)	7.8 oz	22.5 oz	0	0.5	Alternate with non- FRAC code 7 fungicide. See label for directions.

Pertinent Diseases or Pathogens	Fungicide Group ¹	Chemical (Active Ingredients)	Max Ra	te/Acre	Min.	Days to	Remarks ²
			Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	7	Fontelis (penthiopyrad)	30 fl oz	61 fl oz	0	0.5	Alternate with non- FRAC code 7 fungicide. See label for directions.
	7 + 11	Merivon (fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin)	5.5 fl oz	16.5 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.
	9+12	Switch 62.5WDG (cyprodinil + fludioxonil)	14 oz	56 oz	7	0.5	-
	11	Cabrio EG (pyraclostrobin)	12 oz	48 oz	0	0.5	No more than 1 sequential application and 4 total applications of Amistar or other Qol fungicides. See label for soil application.
	11 + M5	Quadris Opti (azoxystrobin + chlorothalonil)	2.4 pt	14.4 pt	0	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications and 6 total applications of Quadris Opti, and rotate with non-Qol fungicides.
	11 + 3	Quilt (azoxystrobin + propiconazole)	14 fl oz	55 fl oz	14	0.5	Alternate every other application with a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	11 + 3	Quilt XCEL (azoxystrobin + propiconazole)	14 fl oz	56 fl oz	14	0.5	Alternate every other application with a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
Botrytis rot Sclerotinia	7	Endura (boscalid)	7.8 oz	22.4 oz	0	0.5	See label for additional instructions.
white mold	7 + 9	Luna Tranquility (fluopyram + pyrimethanil)	11.2 fl oz	_	7	0.5	See label for additional instructions.
	29	Omega (fluazinam)	1 pt	_	7	0.5	White mold only.
	M5	(chlorothalonil) Many labels available: Bravo Ultrex, Bravo Weather Stik, Bravo ZN, Chloronil 720, Chlorothalonil 720SC, Echo 720, Echo 90DF, Echo ZN, Equus 720SST, Equus DF, Initiate 720, Initiate ZN	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	7	0.5	-
	4	Metastar 2E (metalaxyl)	8 pt	-	-	2	Apply as a broadcast soil application and incorporate into top 2 inches. See label for directions.
	4	Ridomil Gold Ultra Flourish (mefenoxam)	2 pt	_	7	2	Apply at seeding in a 7- to 12-inch band on soil over seed furrow.

Pertinent Diseases or Pathogens	Fungicide Group ¹	Chemical (Active Ingredients)	Max Ra	ite/Acre	Min	. Days to	Remarks ²
			Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	4	Ridomil Gold SL (mefenoxam)	2 pt	-	-	2	See label for specifics regarding preplant incorporated applications and surface applications at the time of planting.
	4 + M1	Ridomil Gold Copper (mefenoxam + copper hydroxide)	2 lb	8 lb	7	2	-
	4 + M5	Ridomil Gold Bravo (mefenoxam + chlorothalonil)	2 lb	_	7	2	-
	4 + M5	Ridomil Gold Bravo SC (mefenoxam + chlorothalonil)	2.5 pt	_	7	2	_
	11	Reason (fenamidone)	8.2 fl oz	24.6 fl oz	14	0.5	Alternate every other application with a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	21	Ranman (cyazofamid)	6 fl oz	30 fl oz	14	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar chemistry.
	43	Presidio (fluopicolide)	4 fl oz	12 fl oz	7	0.5	Must be applied with a fungicide of different mode of action.
Cercospora leaf spot	M1	(copper compounds) Many labels available: Badge SC, Badge X2, Basic Copper 53, Champ DP, Champ Formula 2, Champ WG, COC DF, COCS WDG, COC WP, Copper Count N, Cueva, Cuprofix Ultra, Cuproxat, Kentan DF, Kocide 2000, Kocide 3000, Kocide 4.5 LF, Kocide DF, Kop-hydroxide, Mastercop, Nordox 75 WG, Nu-Cop 3L, Nu-Cop 50WP, Nu-Cop DF, Nu-Cop HB, Nu-Cop XLR, Stretch, Tenn-Cop 5E, Top Cop w/Sulfur	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	1	Varies by product from 4 hr to 2 days	_
	3	(propiconazole) Many labels available: Amtide Propiconazole, Bumper 41.8EC, Fitness, Propimax, Propi-Star EC, Shar-Shield PPZ, Tide Propiconazole, Tilt, Topaz	4 fl oz	16 fl oz	14	0.5	No more than 4 total applications.
	3+9	Inspire Super (difenoconazole + cyprodinil)	20 fl oz	80 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.
	4 + M5	Ridomil Gold Bravo (mefenoxam + chlorothalonil)	2 lb	_	7	2	_
	4 + M5	Ridomil Gold Bravo SC (mefenoxam + chlorothalonil)	2.5 pt	_	7	2	-

Pertinent Diseases or Pathogens	Fungicide Group ¹	Chemical (Active Ingredients)	Max Ra	te/Acre	Min.	Days to	Remarks ²
rumogens			Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	7	Fontelis (penthiopyrad)	30 fl oz	61 fl oz	0	0.5	Alternate with non- FRAC code 7 fungicide. See label for directions.
	7+11	Luna Sensation (fluopyram + trifloxystrobin)	7.6 fl oz	230 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	7 + 11	Merivon (pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad)	5.5 fl oz	16.5 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.
	11	Cabrio EG (pyraclostrobin)	12 oz	48 oz	0	0.5	No more than 1 sequential application and 4 total applications of Amistar or other Qol fungicides. See label for soil application.
Damping-off	M3	Defiant 75WP (thiram)	5.3 oz/100 lb of seed	_	_	1	Seed treatment only.
Powdery mildew	M2	(sulfur compounds) Many brands available: Dusting Sulfur – Crusade, IAP, Kumulus DF, Microfine Sulfur, Micro Sulf, Microthiol Disperss, Sulfur 90W, Super- Six, Top Cop w/Sulfur, Yellow Jacket Wettable Sulfur	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	1	1	Do not apply during periods of warm weather. Do not apply within 2 weeks of an oil spray.
	3	(propiconazole) Many labels available: Amtide Propiconazole, Bumper 41.8EC, Fitness, Propimax, Propi-Star EC, Shar-Shield PPZ, Tilt	4 fl oz	16 fl oz	14	0.5	No more than 4 total applications.
	3 + 9	Inspire Super (difenoconazole + cyprodinil)	20 fl oz	80 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.
	7	Fontelis (penthiopyrad)	30 fl oz	61 fl oz	0	0.5	Alternate with non- FRAC code 7 fungicide. See label for directions.
	7 + 11	Merivon SC (pyraclostrobin + fluxapyroxad)	5.5 fl oz	16.5 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.
	9 + 12	Switch 62.5WDG (cyprodinil + fludioxonil)	14 oz	56 oz	7	0.5	-
	11 + M5	Quadris Opti (azoxystrobin + chlorothalonil)	2.4 pt	14.4 pt	0	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications and 6 total applications of Quadris Opti, and rotate with non-Qol fungicides.

Pertinent Diseases or Pathogens	Fungicide Group ¹	Chemical (Active Ingredients)	Max Ra	te/Acre	Min.	Days to	Remarks ²
			Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	11 + 3	Avaris Quilt Willowood Azoxy (azoxystrobin + propiconazole)	14 fl oz	55 fl oz	14	0.5	Alternate every other application with a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	11 + 3	Quilt XCEL (azoxystrobin + propiconazole)	14 fl oz	56 fl oz	14	0.5	Alternate every other application with a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	33 + M2	Sanction (potassium phosphate + sulfur)	6 pt	-	-	2	-
Pythium	21	Ranman (cyazofamid)	6 fl oz	30 fl oz	14	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar chemistry.
	43	Presidio (fluopicolide)	4 fl oz	12 fl oz	7	0.5	Must be applied with a fungicide of different mode of action.
Pythium damping-off	4	Acquire, Sebring 318FS, Sebring 480FS, Metalaxyl 4.0 ST (metalaxyl)	0.7 fl oz/100 lb of seed	-	-	1	Seed treatment only.
Pythium seedling blight	4	Apron XL (mefenoxam)	0.64 fl oz/100 lb of seed	-	-	2	Seed treatment only.
	4	Metastar 2E (metalaxyl)	8 pt	-	_	2	Apply as a broadcast soil application and incorporate into top 2 inches. See label for directions.
	4	Ridomil Gold (mefenoxam)	2 pt	-	-	2	Apply at seeding in a 7- to 12-inch band on soil over seed furrow.
	4	Ridomil Gold SL Ultra Flourish (mefenoxam)	2 pt	-	_	2	See label for specifics regarding preplant incorporated applications and surface applications at the time of planting.
Various (see label)	7 + 9	Luna Tranquility (fluopyram + pyrimethanil)	11.2 fl oz	54.7 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	7+11	Luna Sensation (fluopyram + trifloxystrobin)	7.6 fl oz	23 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	7 + 11	Merivon (fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin)	5.5 fl oz	16.5 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.

Pertinent Diseases or Pathogens	Fungicide Group ¹	Chemical (Active Ingredients)	Max Ra	te/Acre	Min.	Days to	Remarks ²
ratilogens			Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	7 + 11	Pristine (boscalid + pyraclostrobin)	10.5 oz	63 oz	0	0.5	No more than 6 applications crop and alternate chemistry.
	11	(azoxystrobin) Many labels available: Azoxystar, Azoxyzone, Equation SC, Quadris, Satori, Trevo, Willowood Azoxy	15.4 fl oz or 0.8 fl oz/1000 ft	3.75 qt	0	4 hr	No more than 1 sequential application and 4 total applications of Qol fungicides. See label for soil application.
	11	Flint (trifloxystrobin)	3 oz	12 oz	7	0.5	Alternate every other application with a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	11	Gem 500SC (trifloxystrobin)	2.9 fl oz	11.6 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate every other application with a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	11	Heritage (azoxystrobin)	10.5 oz	4 lb	0	4 hr	No more than 3 sequential applications before alternating to a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	11 + M5	Quadris Opti (azoxystrobin + chlorothalonil)	2.4 pt	14.4 pt	0	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications and 6 total applications of Quadris Opti, and rotate with non-Qol fungicides.
	11 + 3	Quadris Top (azoxystrobin + difenoconazole)	14 fl oz	56 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 1 sequential application and 4 total applications of Quadris Top.
	11 + 3	Quilt (azoxystrobin + propiconazole)	14 fl oz	55 fl oz	14	0.5	Alternate every other application with a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	11 + 3	Quilt XCEL (azoxystrobin + propiconazole)	14 fl oz	56 fl oz	14	0.5	Alternate every other application with a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	19	OSO 5%SC (polyoxin D zinc salt)	13 fl oz	84 fl oz	0	4 hr	See label for details.
	29	Omega (fluazinam)	1 pt	4 pt	7	0.5	For southern blight, apply 45 days prior to harvest.
	33	(mono- and dipotassium salts of phosphorous acid) Many brands available: Alude, Confine Extra, Fosphite, Fungi-phite, K-Phite 7LP, Oxiphos, Phiticide, Prophyt, Phostrol, Rampart	3 qt	-	0	4 hr	See label for details.

Pertinent Diseases or Pathogens	Fungicide Group ¹	Chemical (Active Ingredients)	Max Rate/Acre		Min. Days to		Remarks ²
			Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
Various seedling diseases	12	Maxim 4FS Spirato 480 FS (fludioxonil)	0.16 fl oz/100 lb of seed	-	_	0.5	Seed treatment only.

¹FRAC code (fungicide group): Number (1–54) and letters are used to distinguish the fungicide mode of action groups. All fungicides within the same group (with the same number or letter) indicate the same active ingredient or a similar mode of action. This information must be considered for the fungicide resistance management decisions. Source: FRAC Code List 2024; http://www.frac.info/ (FRAC = Fungicide Resistance Action Committee).

Table 15. Radish fungicides ordered by disease and then FRAC group according to their mode of action. Labels change frequently. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical. Please refer to chapter 19 for information on biopesticides, including materials labeled for certified organic production. Contact: Mathews Paret, UF/IFAS North Florida Research and Education Center.

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Ra	te/Acre	Min. I	Days to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
Alternaria leaf spot	7	Fontelis (pentiopyrad)	30 fl oz	61 fl oz	0	0.5	Alternate with non-FRAC code 7 fungicide. See label for directions.
	7 + 11	Merivon (fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin)	5.5 fl oz	16.5 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.
	9 + 12	Switch 62.5WDG (cyprodinil + fludioxonil)	14 oz	56 oz	7	0.5	_
	11	(azoxystrobin) Various brands available: Quadris, Satori, Willowood Azoxy	15.4 fl oz	62 fl oz	0	0.5	No more than 1 sequential application and 4 total applications of Qol fungicides.
	11	Cabrio EG (pyraclostrobin)	12 oz	48 oz	0	0.5	No more than 1 sequential application and 4 total applications of Qol fungicides.
Cercospora leaf spot	3	Tilt (propiconazole)	4 fl oz	16 fl oz	14	0.5	-
	3 + 11	Quilt (propiconazole + azoxystrobin)	14 fl oz	56 fl oz	14	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.
	7	Fontelis (penthiopyrad)	30 fl oz	61 fl oz	0	0.5	Alternate with non-FRAC code 7 fungicide. See label for directions.
	7 + 11	Luna Sensation (fluopyram + trifloxystrobin)	5.8 fl oz	23 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.
	7 + 11	Merivon (fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin)	5.5 fl oz	16.5 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.
	9 + 12	Switch 62.5WDG (cyprodinil + fludioxonil)	14 oz	56 oz	7	0.5	-
	11	(azoxystrobin) Various brands available: Quadris, Satori, Willowood Azoxy	15.4 fl oz	62 fl oz	0	0.5	No more than 1 sequential application and 4 total applications of Qol fungicides.

²Information provided in this table applies only to Florida. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical. The use of brand names and any mention or listing of commercial products or services in the publication does not imply endorsement by UF/IFAS Extension nor discrimination against similar products or services not mentioned.

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rat	te/Acre	Min.	Days to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	11	Cabrio EG (pyraclostrobin)	12 oz	48 oz	0	0.5	No more than 1 sequential application and 4 total applications of Qol fungicides.
	11	Flint Extra (trifloxystrobin)	3 oz	12 oz	0	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.
Damping-off	M3	Defiant 75WP (thiram)	5.3 oz/100 lb of seed	_	-	1	Seed treatment only.
Downy mildew	4 + M1	Ridomil Gold Copper (mefenoxam + copper hydroxide)	2 lb	8 lb	7	2	-
	33	(mono- and dipotassium salts of phosphorous acid) Many brands available: Confine Extra, Fosphite, Fungi-phite, K-Phite, Oxiphos, Phiticide, Rampart	3 qt	_	0	4 hr	See label for details.
	43	Presidio (fluopicolide)	4 fl oz	16 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar chemistry.
	M2	(sulfur compounds) Many brands available: Micro Sulf, Microthiol Disperss, Sulfur 90W, Top Cop w/Sulfur	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	SEE INDIVIDUAL LABELS	1	1	Do not apply during periods of warm weather. Do not apply within 2 weeks of an oil spray.
	7	Fontelis (penthiopyrad)	30 fl oz	61 fl oz	0	0.5	Alternate with non-FRAC code 7 fungicide. See label for directions.
	7 + 11	Merivon (fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin)	5.5 fl oz	16.5 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.
	9 + 12	Switch 62.5WDG (cyprodinil + fludioxonil)	14 oz	56 oz	7	0.5	-
	11	(azoxystrobin) Various brands available: Quadris, Satori, Willowood Azoxy	15.4 fl oz	62 fl oz	0	0.5	No more than 1 sequential application and 4 total applications of Qol fungicides. See label for soil application.
	11	Cabrio EG (pyraclostrobin)	12 oz	48 oz	0	0.5	No more than 1 sequential application and 4 total applications of Qol fungicides. See label for soil application.
Pythium	21	Presidio (fluopicolide)	4 fl oz	16 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar chemistry.
Pythium damping-off	4	Acquire Sebring 318FS Sebring 480FS (metalaxyl)	0.7 fl oz/100 lb of seed	-	-	1	Seed treatment only.
Pythium seedling blight	4	Apron XL (mefenoxam)	0.64 fl oz/100 lb of seed	-	-	2	Seed treatment only.

Pertinent Diseases or Pathogens	Fungicide Group ¹	Chemical (Active Ingredients)	Max Rate/Acre		Min. Days to		Remarks ²
			Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	4	Metastar 2E (metalaxyl)	8 pt	-	-	2	Apply as a broadcast soil application and incorporate into top 2 inches. See label for directions.
	4	Ridomil Gold (mefenoxam)	2 pt	-	_	2	Apply at seeding in a 7- to 12-inch band on soil over seed furrow.
	4	Ridomil Gold SL (mefenoxam)	2 pt	-	-	2	See label for specifics regarding preplant incorporated applications and surface applications at the time of planting.
White rust	11	(azoxystrobin) Various brands available: Quadris, Satori, Willowood Azoxy	15.4 fl oz	62 fl oz	0	0.5	No more than 1 sequential application and 4 total applications of Qol fungicides. See label for soil application.
	11	Cabrio EG (pyraclostrobin)	12 oz	48 oz	0	0.5	No more than 1 sequential application and 4 total applications of Qol fungicides. See label for soil application.
Various (see label)	7 + 9	Luna Tranquility (fluopyram + pyrimethanil)	11.2 fl oz	54.7 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications before rotating to a fungicide of dissimilar mode of action.
	7 + 11	Merivon (fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin)	5.5 fl oz	16.5 fl oz	7	0.5	Alternate with fungicides of dissimilar modes of action.
	11	(azoxystrobin) Various brands available: Quadris, Satori, Willowood Azoxy	15.4 fl oz or 0.8 fl oz/1000 row ft	62 fl oz	0	0.5	No more than 1 sequential application and 4 total applications of Qol fungicides. See label for soil application.
	33	(mono- and dipotassium salts of phosphorous acid) Many brands available: Confine Extra, Fosiphite, Fungi-phite, K-Phite 7LP, Oxiphos, Rampart	3 qt	-	0	4 hr	See label for details.
Various seedling diseases	12	(fludioxonil) Various brands available: Dynashield, Maxim 4FS, Spirato 480 FS	0.16 fl oz/100 lb of seed	-	_	0.5	Seed treatment only.

¹FRAC code (fungicide group): Number (1–54) and letters are used to distinguish the fungicide mode of action groups. All fungicides within the same group (with the same number or letter) indicate the same active ingredient or a similar mode of action. This information must be considered for the fungicide resistance management decisions. Source: FRAC Code List 2024; http://www.frac.info/ (FRAC = Fungicide Resistance Action Committee).

²Information provided in this table applies only to Florida. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical. The use of brand names and any mention or listing of commercial products or services in the publication does not imply endorsement by UF/IFAS Extension nor discrimination against similar products or services not mentioned.

Table 16. Sweetpotato fungicides ordered by disease and then FRAC group according to their mode of action. Labels change frequently. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical. Please refer to chapter 19 for information on biopesticides, including materials labeled for certified organic production. Contact: Shouan Zhang, UF/IFAS Tropical Research and Education Center.

Pertinent Diseases or Pathogens	Fungicide Group ¹	Chemical (Active Ingredients)	Max Rate/Acre		Min. Days to		Remarks ²
			Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
Alternaria leaf blight	BM01 + 3	Regev (tea tree oil, difenoconazole)	8.5 fl oz	34 fl oz	14	0.5	-
	3	Provysol (mefentrifluconazole)	5 fl oz	15 fl oz	7	0.5	_
	3	Quash (metconazole)	4 oz	16 oz	1	0.5	_
	3 + 11	Veltyma Fungicide (mefentrifluconazole + pyraclostrobin)	10 fl oz	30 fl oz	7	0.5	-
	7	Bonafide (boscalid)	10 oz	20 oz	10	0.5	_
	3 + 29	Orbus ESQ (difenoconazole + fluazinam)	14.5 fl oz	64 fl oz	14	2	_
	7	Vertisan (penthiopyrad)	24 fl oz	72 fl oz	7	0.5	-
	7 + 3	Aprovia Top (benzovindiflupyr + difenoconazole)	13.5 fl oz	27 fl oz	14	0.5	-
	7 + 12	Miravis Prime (pydiflumetofen + fludioxonil)	11.4 fl oz	32.4 fl oz	14	0.5	-
	9	Vango WG (cyprodinil)	7 oz	28 oz	14	0.5	_
	9+12	Switch 62.5WG (cyprodinil + fludioxonil)	14 oz	56 oz	7	0.5	Alternate with another labeled non-Group 9 or 12 fungicide for 2 applications after 2 applications of Switch WG.
	11	Acadia LFC (azoxystrobin)	25.6 fl oz	155 fl oz	14	4 hr	-
	11	Aframe (azoxystrobin)	15.5 fl oz	123 fl oz	0	4 hr	No more than 1 sequential application, including other Group 11 fungicides.
	11	Atticus Acadia 2 SC Arius 250 A-Zox 25SC AzoxyStar GCS Azoxy 2SC Tetraban Fungicide Trevo (azoxystrobin)	20 fl oz	123 fl oz	14	4 hr	No more than 2 sequential applications, including other Group 11 fungicides, before alternating with another group
	11	Azoxystrobin SC (azoxystrobin)	20.3 fl oz	123 fl oz	14	4 hr	-
	11	AZteroid FC 3.3 (azoxystrobin)	12.8 fl oz	77.6 fl oz	14	4 hr	_
	11	Cabrio EG (pyraclostrobin)	12 oz	48 oz	0	0.5	No more than 1 consecutive application.

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rat	e/Acre	Min. Da	ays to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	11	Headline Fungicide Headline SC Fungicide (pyraclostrobin)	12 fl oz	72 fl oz	3	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications, including other Group 11 fungicides.
	11	Quadris Flowable (azoxystrobin)	15.5 fl oz	120 fl oz	14	4 hr	No more than 1 consecutive application.
	11	Satori (azoxystrobin)	20 fl oz	120 fl oz	14	4 hr	No more than 1 sequential application, including other Group 11 fungicides.
	12	Palladium (fludioxonil)	14 fl oz	56 fl oz	7	0.5	_
Ascochyta leaf spot	3 + 7	Miravis Top (difenoconazole + pydiflumetofen)	13.7 fl oz	56 fl oz	14	0.5	An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. Reapplications at least 7 days apart.
	7+9	Luna Tranquility (fluopyram + pyrimethanil)	11.2 fl oz	54.7 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications of Luna Tranquility or any Group 7 or Group 9 containing fungicides.
	7 + 12	Miravis Prime (pydiflumetofen + fludioxonil)	11.4 fl	34.2 fl oz	14	0.5	An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.
	11	Acadia LFC (azoxystrobin)	25.6 fl oz	155 fl oz	0 or 14	4 hr	_
	11	Aframe Quadris Flowable (azoxystrobin)	15.5 fl oz	120 fl oz	0 or 14	4 hr	No more than 1 sequential application, including other Group 11 fungicides.
	11	Atticus Acadia 2 SC Arius 250 A-Zox 25SC AzoxyStar GCS Azoxy 2SC Satori Fungicide Tetraban Fungicide Trevo (azoxystrobin)	20 fl oz	123 fl oz	0 or 14	4 hr	No more than 1 sequential application, including other Group 11 fungicides.
	11	Azoxystrobin SC (azoxystrobin)	20.3 fl oz	123 fl oz	0 or 14	4 hr	-
	11	Azteroid FC 3.3 (azoxystrobin)	12.8 fl oz	77.6 fl oz	0 or 14	4 hr	No more than 1 sequential application, including other Group 11 fungicides.
	11+3	Acadia ESQ Quadris Top Trevo DCZ (azoxystrobin + difenoconazole)	14 fl oz	55.3 fl oz	14	0.5	No more than 2 consecutive applications; addition of a spreading/penetrating adjuvant (nonionic surfactant or crop oil concentrate) is recommended.
Black dot	3	Provysol Fungicide (mefentrifluconazole)	5 fl oz	15 fl oz	7	0.5	_
	3	Quash Fungicide (metconazole)	4 oz	16 oz	1	0.5	-
	3 + 11	Veltyma Fungicide (mefentrifluconazole + pyraclostrobin)	10 fl oz	30 fl oz	7	0.5	-

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rate	e/Acre	Min. Da	ys to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	3 + 29	Orbus ESQ (difenoconazole + fluazinam)	14.5 fl oz	64 fl oz	14	2	-
	7	Velum Prime (fluopyram)	6.84 fl oz	13.7 fl oz	7	0.5	_
	7	Vertisan (penthiopyrad)	24 fl oz	72 fl oz	7	0.5	-
	7 + 3	Aprovia Top Fungicide (benzovindiflupyr + difenoconazole)	13.5 fl oz	27 fl oz	14	0.5	_
	7 + 9	Luna Tranquility (fluopyram + pyrimethanil)	11.2 fl oz	54.7 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications of Luna Tranquility or any Group 7 or Group 9 containing fungicides.
	7 + 12	Miravis Prime (pydiflumetofen + fludioxonil)	11.4 fl oz	34.2 fl oz	14	0.5	An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.
	11	Aftershock Evito 480 SC (fluoxastrobin)	0.24 fl oz/1000 row ft	22.8 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 1 application of seed treatment or in-furrow or banded application in conjunction with foliar application.
	11	Reason 500 SC (fenamidone)	8.2 fl oz	16.4 fl oz	14	0.5	No more than 1 consecutive application.
	11	Tepera (fluoxastrobin)	9.2 fl oz	50.4 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 6 applications per year.
	11+3	Acadia ESQ Fungicide Quadris Top Trevo DCZ (azoxystrobin + difenoconazole)	14 fl oz	55.3 fl oz	14	0.5	No more than 2 consecutive applications; addition of a spreading/ penetrating adjuvant (nonionic surfactant or crop oil concentrate) is recommended.
	11 + 3	Tepera Plus (fluoxastrobin + bifenthrin)	18.5 fl oz	37 fl oz	21	0.5	No more than 1 in-furrow or banded application in conjunction with foliar application. No more than 2 applications per year.
	BM 01 + 3	Regev (tea tree oil + difenoconazole)	8.5 fl oz	34 fl oz	14	0.5	-
Botrytis	BM 01 + 3	Regev (tea tree oil + difenoconazole)	8.5 fl	34 fl oz	14	0.5	-
	3	Quash Fungicide (metconazole)	4.0 oz	16 oz	1	0.5	-
	7	Vertisan (penthiopyrad)	24 fl oz	72 fl oz	7	0.5	-
	7 + 9	Luna Tranquility (fluopyram + pyrimethanil)	11.2 fl oz	54.7 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications of Luna Tranquility or any Group 7 or Group 9 fungicides.

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rat	te/Acre	Min. Da	ays to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	9	Scala SC (pyrimethanil)	7 fl oz	35 fl oz	7	0.5	See label.
Cercospora leaf spot	BM 01 + 3	Regev (tea tree oil + difenoconazole)	8.5 fl oz	34 fl oz	14	0.5	-
	7 + 12	Miravis Prime (pydiflumetofen + fludioxonil)	11.4 fl oz	34.2 fl oz	14	0.5	No more than 2 consecutive applications of Miravis Prime or other Group 7 fungicide before alternation with a fungicide that is not in Group 7.
	11	Acadia LFC (azoxystrobin)	19.5 fl oz	155 fl oz	0	4 hr	_
	11	Aframe Arius 250 Atticus Acadia™ 2 SC A-Zox 25SC AzoxyStar Azoxystrobin SC GCS Azoxy 2SC Satori Fungicide Tetraban Fungicide Trevo (azoxystrobin)	15.5 fl oz	123 fl oz	14	4 hr	No more than 1 sequential application, including other Group 11 fungicides.
	11	Azteroid FC 3.3 (azoxystrobin)	9.7 fl oz	77.6 fl oz	14	4 hr	No more than 1 sequential application, including other Group 11 fungicides.
	11	Cabrio EG (pyraclostrobin)	12 oz	48 oz	0	0.5	-
	11	Headline Fungicide Headline SC Fungicide (pyraclostrobin)	12 fl oz	72 fl oz	3	0.5	-
	11	Quadris Flowable (azoxystrobin)	15.5 fl oz	120 fl oz	0	4 hr	-
Early blight	BM 01 + 3	Regev (tea tree oil + difenoconazole)	8.5 fl oz	34 fl oz	14	0.5	No more than 1 postharvest application to the tubers.
	3	Provysol Fungicide (mefentrifluconazole)	5 fl oz	15 fl oz	7	0.5	_
	3	Quash Fungicide (metconazole)	4 oz	16 oz	1	0.5	-
	3 + 7	Miravis Top (difenoconazole + pydiflumetofen)	13.7 fl oz	56 fl oz	14	0.5	An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. Reapplications at least 7 days apart.
	3 + 11	Veltyma Fungicide (mefentrifluconazole + pyraclostrobin)	10 fl oz	30 fl oz	7	0.5	-
	3 + 29	Orbus ESQ (difenoconazole + fluazinam)	14.5 fl oz	64 fl oz	14	2	-
	7	Bonafide (boscalid)	4.5 oz	20 oz	10	0.5	-

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rat	te/Acre	Min. Da	ays to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	7	Endura Fungicide (boscalid)	10 oz	20 oz	10	0.5	-
	7	Velum Prime (fluopyram)	6.84 fl oz	13.7 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications or with Group 7 fungicides. Postplanting drench or hill drench.
	7	Vertisan (penthiopyrad)	24 fl oz	72 fl oz	7	0.5	_
	7 + 3	Aprovia Top Fungicide (benzovindiflupyr + difenoconazole)	13.5 fl oz	27 fl oz	14	0.5	Apply on a 14-day interval. No more than 2 consecutive applications. Addition of a spreading/penetrating-type adjuvant is recommended.
	7 + 9	Luna Tranquility (fluopyram + pyrimethanil)	11.2 fl oz	54.7 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications or with Group 7 or 9 fungicides.
	7 + 12	Miravis Prime (pydiflumetofen + fludioxonil)	6.8 fl oz	20.4 fl oz	7	0.5	An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.
	9	Scala SC (pyrimethanil)	7 fl oz	35 fl oz	7	0.5	See label.
	9	Vango WG (cyprodinil)	7 oz	28 oz	14	0.5	-
	9+12	Alterity 62.5WG Xuvia (cyprodinil + fludioxonil)	14 oz	56 oz	14	0.5	-
	11	Aftershock Evito 480 SC (fluoxastrobin)	3.8 fl oz	22.8 fl oz	7	0.5	See label.
	11	Aproach (picoxystrobin)	12 fl oz	36 fl oz	3	0.5	_
	11	Flint Extra (trifloxystrobin)	3.8 fl oz	23 fl oz	7	0.5	-
	11	Reason 500 SC (fenamidone)	8.2 fl oz	16.4 fl oz	14	0.5	_
	11	Tepera (fluoxastrobin)	8.4 fl oz	50.4 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 6 applications of product per acre per year. Reapplications at least 7 days apart.
	11 + 3	Acadia ESQ Fungicide Quadris TOP Trevo DCZ (azoxystrobin + difenoconazole)	14 fl oz	55.3 fl oz	14	0.5	Addition of nonionic surfactant or crop oil concentrate or blend is recommended.
	11 + 3	Tepera Plus (fluoxastrobin + bifenthrin)	18.5 fl oz	_	21	0.5	Do not make more than 1 in-furrow or banded application in conjunction with foliar application. No more than 2 applications per year.

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rate	/Acre	Min. Da	ays to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	28	Previcur Flex (propamocarb hydrochloride)	1.2 pt	6 pt	14	0.5	Tank-mix with chlorothalonil, maneb, or mancozeb for better control
	11	Atticus Acadia 2SC A-Zox 25SC AzoxyStar Azoxystrobin SC GCS Azoxy 2SC Satori Fungicide Tetraban Fungicide (azoxystrobin)	0.6 fl oz/ton of tubers	-	_	4 hr	In-line aqueous spray. No more than 1 postharvest application to tubers.
	12	Pilato SC (fludioxonil)	0.6 fl oz/ton of tubers	-	-	-	No more than 1 postharvest application to the tubers.
	11 + 12	Archive (azoxystrobin + fludioxonil)	1.0 fl oz/ 2000 lb of tubers	-	-	_	In-line spray
	11 + 12 + 3	Stadium (azoxystrobin + fludioxonil + difenoconazole)	0.5 fl oz/1000 lb tubers	-	_	-	_
Phytophthora	4	ReCon 4 F (metalaxyl)	4 pt	-	_	2	Preplant incorporated or surface application to soil.
	4	Orondis Gold B (mefenoxam)	2 pt	1.5 lb a.i.	_	2	No more than 3 applications per crop.
	4	ReCon Bold SL (mefenoxam)	2 pt	1.5	_	2	-
	4	Ridomil Gold SL (mefenoxam)	2 pt	1.5 lb a.i.	_	2	Preplant incorporated broadcast or band application, soil spray.
	4	Thrive 4M (mefenoxam)	31.4 fl oz	-	-	2	Preplant incorporated or surface application to soil.
	4	Ultra Flourish (mefenoxam)	4 pt	1.5 lb a.i.	_	2	Preplant incorporated broadcast or band application, surface application.
	4	Xyler FC (metalaxyl)	2.9 qt	2.9 qt	_	_	Preplant incorporated broadcast or band application, surface application.
	43	Presidio Fungicide (fluopicolide)	4 fl oz	12 fl oz	7	0.5	-
Pink rot	11	Atticus Acadia 2SC AzoxyStar Azoxystrobin SC GCS Azoxy 2SC (azoxystrobin)	0.6 fl oz/ton tubers	-	-	4 hr	No more than 1 postharvest application to the tubers.
	11	Satori Fungicide Tetraban Fungicide (azoxystrobin)	0.6 fl oz/ton tubers	-	-	_	_

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rate	e/Acre	Min. Da	ays to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	21	Ranman 400SC RenaZ SC (cyazofamid)	At planting: 0.42 fl oz/1000 linear ft Lay-by/ Hilling: 2.75 fl oz	27.5 fl oz	7	0.5	_
	22	Elumin (ethaboxam)	8 fl oz	16 fl oz	_	0.5	-
	49	Orondis Gold 200 (oxathiapiprolin)	9.6 fl oz	9.6 fl oz	5	4 hr	Apply as an in-furrow application at planting.
	49 + 4	Orondis Gold (Premix) (oxathiapiprolin + mefenoxam)	Soil applied: 27.8 fl oz Foliar: 12 fl oz	27.8 fl oz	14	2	_
Powdery mildew	BM 01 + 3	Regev (tea tree oil + difenoconazole)	8.5 fl oz	34 fl oz	14	0.5	-
	M2	Microthiol Disperss (sulfur)	10 lb	-	_	1	-
	M2	Thiolux (sulfur)	10 lb	-	-	1	OMRI listed. ²
	M2	Suffa (sulfur)	0.6 gal	2.8 gal	0	1	Apply at 14-day intervals or as needed.
	M2	Sulfur 80 WDG (sulfur)	10 lb	-	-	1	OMRI-listed. ² Apply at early leaf stage; repeat every 14 days or as needed.
	M2	Sulfur 90W (sulfur)	20 lb	_	_	1	For greenhouse use.
	3	Quash Fungicide (metconazole)	4 oz	16 oz	1	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications.
	3 + 7	Miravis Top (difenoconazole + pydiflumetofen)	13.7 fl oz	56 fl oz	14	0.5	An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. Reapplications at least 7 days apart.
	3 + 11	Veltyma Fungicide (mefentrifluconazole + pyraclostrobin)	10 fl oz	30 fl oz	7	0.5	-
	7	Vertisan (penthiopyrad)	24 fl oz	72 fl oz	7	0.5	May be used with adjuvants; other crops cannot be planted until 120 days after the last application of Vertisan.
	7+3	Aprovia Top (benzovindiflupyr + difenoconazole)	13.5 fl oz	27 fl oz	14	0.5	Apply on a 14-day interval. No more than 2 consecutive applications. Addition of a spreading/penetrating-type adjuvant is recommended.
	7 + 9	Luna Tranquility (fluopyram + pyrimethanil)	11.2 fl oz	54.7 fl oz	7	0.5	-
	7 + 12	Miravis Prime (pydiflumetofen + fludioxonil)	11.4 fl oz	34.2 fl oz	14	0.5	An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rat	e/Acre	Min. Da	ys to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	9	Vango WG (cyprodinil)	7 oz	28 oz	14	0.5	-
	9+12	Alterity 62.5WG Xuvia (cyprodinil + fludioxonil)	14 oz	56 oz	Leaves of root & tuber subgroup: 7 Tuberous and corm subgroup: 14	0.5	_
	9 + 12	Switch 62.5WG Palladium (cyprodinil + fludioxonil)	14 oz	56 oz	7	0.5	Alternate with another labeled fungicide for 2 applications after 2 applications of Switch WG.
	11	Acadia LFC (azoxystobin)	19.5 fl oz	155 fl oz	14	4 hr	_
	11	Aframe, Arius 250, A-Zox 25SC, AzoxyStar, GCS Azoxy 2SC, Quadris Flowable, Satori Fungicide, Tetraban Fungicide, Trevo (azoxystrobin)	15.5 fl oz	123 fl oz	0	4 hr	_
	11	Atticus Acadia 2SC (azoxystrobin)	20 fl oz	123 fl oz	0	4 hr	No more than 1 sequential application or with other Group 11 fungicides.
	11	Azteroid FC 3.3 (azoxystrobin)	9.7 fl oz	77.6 fl oz	Leaves of root & tuber subgroup: 0 Tuberous and corm subgroup: 14	4 hr	_
	11	Azoxystrobin SC (azoxystrobin)	15.3 fl oz	123 fl oz	0 or 14	4 hr	-
	11	Cabrio EG Fungicide (pyraclostrobin)	12 oz	48 oz	0	0.5	-
	11	Headline Fungicide Headline SC Fungicide (pyraclostrobin)	12 fl oz	72 fl oz	3	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications or with other Group 11 fungicides.
	11 + 3	Quadris Top Acadia ESQ Fungicide (azoxystrobin + difenoconazole)	14 fl oz	55.3 fl oz	14	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications or with other Group 11 fungicides. Adding adjuvant may enhance the efficacy.
Pythium damping-off	4	MetaStar 2E (metalaxyl)	8 pt	-	_	2	Preplant incorporated application or surface application.
	4	Orondis Gold B (mefenoxam)	2 pt	1.5 lb a.i.	_	2	Preplant incorporated application or soil spray.
	4	ReCon 4 F (metalaxyl)	4 pt	_	_	2	_

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rate	e/Acre	Min. D	ays to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	4	ReCon Bold SL (mefenoxam)	2 pt	2 pt	-	-	Preplant incorporated application or soil spray.
	4	Ridomil Gold SL (mefenoxam)	2 pt	-	_	2	_
	4	Thrive 4M (mefenoxam)	31.4 fl oz	-	_	2	_
	4	Ultra Flourish (mefenoxam)	4 pt	-	_	2	Preplant incorporated broadcast or band application, surface application.
	4	Xyler FC Fungicide (metalaxyl)	2.9 qt	-	_	2	_
	11	Acadia LFC (azoxystrobin)	1.0 fl oz/ 1000 row ft	155 fl oz	0 or 14	4 hr	_
	11	Aframe Satori Fungicide (azoxystrobin)	0.8 fl oz/1000 row ft	120 fl oz	14	4 hr	-
	11	Atticus Acadia 2 SC Arius 250 A-Zox 25SC AzoxyStar GCS Azoxy 2SC Azoxystrobin SC (azoxystrobin)	0.8 fl oz/1000 row ft	123 fl oz	0 or 14	4 hr	In-furrow and banded applications over the row shortly after plant or during herbicide applications or cultivation.
	11	AZteroid FC 3.3 (azoxystrobin)	0.48 fl oz/1000 row ft	77.6 fl oz	14	4 hr	-
	11	Quadris Flowable (azoxystrobin)	0.8 fl oz/1000 row ft	120 fl oz	14	4 hr	_
	11	Tetraban Fungicide Trevo (azoxystrobin)	0.8 fl oz/1000 row ft	123 fl oz	14	4 hr	_
	11 + 4	Uniform (azoxystrobin + mefenoxam)	0.34 fl oz/1000 ft row	-	_	0	No more than 1 application per crop season as an in-furrow spray.
	21	Ranman 400SC Fungicide Renaz SC (cyazofamid)	0.42 fl oz/1000 linear ft	27.5 fl oz	7	0.5	To avoid development of resistant strains, do not apply at reduced rate; rotate with other fungicides of a different group.
	22	Elumin Fungicide (ethaboxam)	8 fl oz	16 fl oz	_	0.5	Reapplications at least 25 days apart.
	43	Presidio Fungicide (fluopicolide)	4 fl oz	12 fl oz	7	0.5	Must be tank-mixed with another fungicide of different group. No more than 2 sequential applications.
	49 + 9	Orondis Gold (Premix) Fungicide (oxathiapiprolin + mefenoxam)	In furrow: 27.8 fl oz Foliar: 12 fl oz	27.8 fl oz	14	2	-

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rate	e/Acre	Min. Da	ays to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
Rhizopus rot	12	Scholar SC Pilato (fludioxonil)	Postharvest dip: 32 fl oz/100 gal of water Spray: 16 fl oz/200,000 lb sweet potatoes	-	-	-	No more than 1 postharvest application.
	14	Botran 5F (DCNA dicloran)	0.6 qt in 100 gal water for postharvest or for root dip 5–10 seconds	-	-	0.5	See label.
	11 + 12	Archive (azoxystrobin + fludioxonil)	1.0 fl oz/ 2000 lb tubers	-	_	-	In-line spray
Rust/white rust	46 + 3	Regev (tea tree oil + difenoconazole)	8.5 fl oz	34 fl oz	14	0.5	-
	7+3	Aprovia Top (benzovindiflupyr + difenoconazole)	13.5 fl oz	27 fl oz	14	0.5	Apply on a 14-day interval. No more than 2 consecutive applications. Addition of a spreading/penetrating-type adjuvant is recommended.
	11	Acadia LFC (azoxystrobin)	25.6 fl oz	155 fl oz	14	4 hr	_
	11	Aframe Satori Fungicide (azoxystrobin)	15.5 fl oz	120 fl oz	14	4 hr	No more than 1 sequential application, including other Group 11 fungicides.
	11	Azoxystrobin (azoxystrobin)	20.3 fl oz	123 fl oz	14	4 hr	-
	11	Arius 250 Atticus Acadia 2 SC A-Zox 25SC AzoxyStar GCS Azoxy 2SC Tetraban Fungicide Trevo (azoxystrobin)	20 fl oz	123 fl oz	14	4 hr	
	11	AZteroid FC 3.3 (azoxystrobin)	12.8 fl oz	77.6 fl oz	14	4 hr	-
	11	Cabrio EG (pyraclostrobin)	16 oz	48 oz	0	0.5	Alternate with other labeled fungicides after each application.
	11	Headline Fungicide Headline SC Fungicide (pyraclostrobin)	12 fl oz	48 fl oz	3	0.5	Alternate with other labeled fungicides after each application.
	11	Quadris Flowable (azoxystrobin)	15.5 fl oz	120 fl oz	14	4 hr	No more than 1 application before alternating with a different mode of action.
	11	Reason 500SC (fenamidone)	8.2 fl oz	16.4 fl oz	14	0.5	-

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rate	e/Acre	Min. Da	ays to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	11 + 3	Acadia ESQ Quadris Top Trevo DCZ (azoxystrobin + difenoconazole)	14 fl oz	55.3 fl oz	14	0.5	No more than 2 consecutive applications; adding adjuvant may enhance the efficacy.
Sclerotinia white mold	46 + 3	Regev (tea tree oil + difenoconazole)	8.5 fl oz	34 fl oz	14	0.5	-
	3	Quash Fungicide (metconazole)	4 oz	16 oz	1	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications.
	3+7	Miravis Top (difenoconazole + pydiflumetofen)	13.7 fl oz	56 fl oz	14	0.5	Apply at early flowering, followed by a second application 14 days later. Reapplications at least 7 days apart.
	3 + 29	Orbus ESQ (difenoconazole + fluazinam)	12.5 fl oz	64 fl oz	14	2	-
	7	Bonafide Endura (boscalid)	10 oz	20 oz	10	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications or with other Group 7 fungicides.
	7	Velum Prime (fluopyram)	6.84 fl oz	13.7 fl oz	7	0.5	-
	7	Vertisan (penthiopyrad)	24 fl oz	72 fl oz	7	0.5	_
	7 + 9	Luna Tranquility (fluopyram + pyrimethanil)	11.2 fl oz	54.7 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications of Luna Tranquility or any Group 7 or Group 9 fungicides.
	7 + 12	Miravis Prime (pydiflumetofen + fludioxonil)	11.4 fl oz	32.4 fl oz	14	0.5	Apply at or before row closure, followed by a second application 14 days later; an adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.
	11	Aproach (picoxystrobin)	12 fl oz	36 fl oz	3	0.5	_
	29	Omavo Omega 500F, Orbus 4 Vantana (fluazinam)	8 fl oz	56 fl oz	14	0.5	_
Scurf	46 + 3	Regev (tea tree oil + difenoconazole)	8.5 fl oz	34 fl oz	14	0.5	-
	7	Vertisan (penthiopyrad)	1.6 fl oz/1000 row ft	24 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 2 sequential applications.

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rate	e/Acre	Min. Da	ays to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	11	Acadia 2SC AzoxyStar A-Zox 25SC Azoxystrobin SC GCS Azoxy 2SC Tetraban FungicideSatori Fungicide (azoxystrobin)	0.6 fl oz/ton tubers	-	-	4 hr	No more than 1 postharvest application to tubers.
	11	Aftershock Evito 480 SC (fluoxastrobin)	0.24 fl oz/1000 row ft 9.2 fl oz	22.8 fl oz	7	0.5	No more than 1 application of seed treatment or in-furrow or banded application in conjunction with foliar application.
	11	Tepera (fluoxastrobin)	9.2 fl oz	0.72 lb a.i.	7	0.5	_
	11 + 3	Tepera Plus (fluoxastrobin + bifenthrin)	18.5 fl oz	-	21	0.5	No more than 1 in-furrow or banded application in conjunction with foliar application. No more than 2 applications per year.
	11 + 3A	Tepera Plus HD (fluoxastrobin + bifenthrin)	6.8 fl oz	-	21	0.5	No more than 1 in-furrow or banded application in conjunction with foliar application. No more than 2 applications per year.
	11 + 12	Archive (azoxystrobin + fludioxonil)	1.0 fl oz/ 2000 lb tubers	-	_	_	In-line spray
	11 + 12 + 3	Stadium (azoxystrobin + fludioxonil + difenoconazole)	0.5 fl oz/1000 lb tubers	-	_	_	_
	12	Pilato SC (fludioxonil)	0.6 fl oz/ton tubers	-	_	-	_
	14	Botran 5F (DCNA dicloran)	Seed dip: 0.6 qt/7.5 gal water Plant bed spray: 5.73 oz/1000 linear ft bed (42 in)	3.2 qt	-	0.5	Do not plant tomatoes as a follow-up crop.
Septoria leaf spot	M2	Sulfur 80 WDG (sulfur)	5 lb/treated acre 10 lb	-	0	1	Do not use within 2 weeks of an oil spray treatment. OMRI-listed. ² Apply at early leaf stage; repeat every 14 days or as needed.
	3 + 7	Miravis Top (difenoconazole + pydiflumetofen)	13.7 fl oz	56 fl oz	14	0.5	An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates. Reapplications at least 7 days apart.
	3 + 29	Orbus ESQ (difenoconazole + fluazinam)	14.5 fl oz	64 fl oz	14	2	-

Pertinent	Fungicide	Chemical	Max Rate	e/Acre	Min. Da	ys to	Remarks ²
Diseases or Pathogens	Group ¹	(Active Ingredients)	Appl.	Season	Harvest	Reentry	
	7+3	Aprovia Top (benzovindiflupyr + difenoconazole)	13.5 fl oz	27 fl oz	14	0.5	Apply on a 14-day interval. No more than 2 consecutive applications. Addition of a spreading/ penetrating-type adjuvant is recommended.
	7 + 12	Miravis Prime (pydiflumetofen + fludioxonil)	11.4 fl oz	34.2 fl oz	14	0.5	An adjuvant may be added at recommended rates.
	9	Vango WG (cyprodonil)	7 oz	28 oz	14	0.5	_
	9+12	Alterity 62.5WG Xuvia (cyprodinil + fludioxonil)	14 oz	56 oz	14	0.5	-
	11 + 3	Acadia ESQ Quadris Top Trevo DCZ (azoxystrobin + difenoconazole)	14 fl oz	55.3 fl oz	14	0.5	No more than 2 consecutive applications. Adding adjuvant may enhance the efficacy.
Southern blight	11	Acadia LFC (azoxystrobin)	1.0 fl oz/ 1000 row ft	155 fl oz	0	4 hr	-
(Sclerotium rolfsii)	11	Aframe Satori (azoxystrobin)	0.80 fl oz/1000 row ft	120 fl oz	14	4 hr	-
	11	Atticus Acadia 2 SC Arius 250 A-Zox 25SC AzoxyStar Azoxystrobin SC GCS Azoxy 2SC Tetraban Trevo (azoxystrobin)	0.80 fl oz/ 1000 row feet	123 fl oz	Tuberous and corm subgroup: 14	4 hr	-
	11	AZteroid FC3.3 (azoxystrobin)	0.48 fl oz/1000 row feet	77.6 fl oz	_	4 hr	-
	11	Quadris Flowable (azoxystrobin)	0.80 fl oz/1000 row feet	120 fl oz	-	4 hr	-
Various soilborne diseases	11	Many brands (azoxystrobin)	Various; see label	See label	4 hr	See label.	-

¹FRAC code (fungicide group): Number (1–54) and letters (U and P) are used to distinguish the fungicide mode of action groups. All fungicides within the same group (with the same number or letter) indicate the same active ingredient or a similar mode of action. This information must be considered for the fungicide resistance management decisions. Source: FRAC Code List 2024; http://www.frac.info/ (FRAC = Fungicide Resistance Action Committee).

²Information provided in this table applies only to Florida. Be sure to read a current product label before applying any chemical. The use of brand names and any mention or listing of commercial products or services in the publication does not imply endorsement by UF/IFAS Extension nor discrimination against similar products or services not mentioned. OMRI-listed: Listed by the Organic Materials Review Institute for use in organic production.

Table 17. Nonfumigant nematicides for carrot, beet, and radish in Florida. Contact: Johan Desaeger, UF/IFAS Gulf Coast Research and Education Center.

Product	Application Directions		
Vydate L (a.i. oxamyl) (carrot only)	Apply within 1 week before planting or before emergence if postplant, either broadcast (2 gal/A, incorporate 2 inches at least), in the seed furrow (1–2 gal/A), or via chemigation (1 gal/A). No more than 4 gal/A per season. Reapplications at least 14 days apart. No more than 8 applications per season. Last application at least 14 days to harvest.		
Nimitz (a.i. fluensulfone)	All applications must be incorporated either physically or via drip or overhead irrigation. Make preplant applications at a rate of 3.5–7 pt/A (56.0–80.0 fl oz/A) a minimum of 7 days before planting. Do not plant any unlisted crops into treated land for 365 days after application of the product. No more than 1 application per crop, and no more than 112 fl oz/A per year (365 days). Provides control only for nematodes. Growers applying Nimitz must consult the product label to observe the plant-back (recropping) intervals for a variety of leafy vegetables and brassica crops, onions, bananas, sugarcane, and other crops.		
Salibro (a.i. fluazaindolizine) (only for carrots)	Apply 30.7–61.4 fl oz/A (1–2 lb a.i./A) as preplant incorporated. Apply at 15.4–30.7 fl oz/A (0.5–1 lb a.i./A) for in-season drip. No more than 61.4 fl oz/A per calendar year and no more than 30.7 fl oz/A applied by drip. No more than 2 applications per calendar year. Reentry interval is 12 hr. Reapplications at least 14 days apart. Preharvest interval: Do not apply within 65 days of harvest.		

Vydate is an insecticide/nematicide; Nimitz is a true nematicide. Unlike fumigants, these products are not volatile and will move through the soil via water; depending on the water solubility, these products will have different recommendations for how best to apply them (see specific label recommendations); when nematode pressure is high, they may not be as consistently effective against root nematodes as the fumigants.

Table 18. Nonfumigant nematicides for sweetpotato in Florida. Contact: Johan Desaeger, UF/IFAS Gulf Coast Research and Education Center.

When to Apply	Application Pattern	Incorporation Depth	Rate	
2–3 weeks preplant	Row, 12"–15" band	2"-4" with rotary hoe, tiller, etc. or by bedding over the band	20–26 lb/A or 1.6–2.1/ 1000 ft of row (min. row spacing of 42")	
2–3 weeks preplant	Row, 12"–15" band	2"-4" deep	5.1–6.9 fl oz/1000 ft row	
Within 1 week before planting	Broadcast, band, or in- furrow transplant drench	4"-6" deep	2 gal/A broadcast or 1–2 gal/A in- furrow (Consult table for specific instructions and other uses.)	
All applications must be incorporated either physically or via drip or overhead irrigation. Make preplant applications at a rate of 3.5–7 pt/A (56.0–80.0 fl oz/A) a minimum of 7 days before planting. Do not plant any unlisted crops into treated land for 365 days after application of the product. No more than 1 application per crop and no more than 112 fl oz/A per year (365 days). Provides control only for nematodes. Growers applying Nimitz must consult the product label to observe the plant-back (recropping) intervals for a variety of leafy vegetables and brassica crops, onions, bananas, sugarcane, and other crops.				
chemigation equipmer of Velum (0.446 lb/A flu (soil or foliar). Do not a of disease resistance to	nt, or for transplanted crops, uopyram) per year, regardles pply Velum within 7 days of o this chemical class, the first	s of formulation (Velum and/o harvest. For soil application, to	Il drench. No more than 13.7 fl oz/A Luna) or method of application limit the potential for development er Velum should be a product from	
chemigation equipmer of Velum (0.446 lb/A flu (soil or foliar). Do not a of disease resistance to a different FRAC group Apply 30.7–61.4 fl oz/A Apply 15.4–30.7 fl oz/A than 30.7 fl oz/A applie	nt, or for transplanted crops, appyram) per year, regardles pply Velum within 7 days of a this chemical class, the first a The grazing of livestock in a (1–2 lb a.i./A) as preplant in a (0.5–1 lb a.i./A) for in-seasoed post-emergence. No more	as a postplanting drench or his of formulation (Velum and/o harvest. For soil application, to foliar fungicide application aftereated areas within 7 days of a corporated. Apply 15.6–61.4 fl n drip. No more than 61.4 fl oz/	Il drench. No more than 13.7 fl oz/Ar Luna) or method of application limit the potential for development er Velum should be a product from pplication is prohibited. oz/A for in-furrow soil treatment. A per calendar year. No more dar year. Re-entry interval is 12 hr.	
	2–3 weeks preplant 2–3 weeks preplant Within 1 week before planting All applications must b at a rate of 3.5–7 pt/A (treated land for 365 dafl oz/A per year (365 dalabel to observe the planting)	2–3 weeks preplant Row, 12"–15" band Row, 12"–15" band Within 1 week before planting Broadcast, band, or infurrow transplant drench All applications must be incorporated either physicat a rate of 3.5–7 pt/A (56.0–80.0 fl oz/A) a minimur treated land for 365 days after application of the pifl oz/A per year (365 days). Provides control only fo label to observe the plant-back (recropping) intervibananas, sugarcane, and other crops.	2-3 weeks preplant Row, 12"-15" band 2"-4" with rotary hoe, tiller, etc. or by bedding over the band 2-3 weeks preplant Row, 12"-15" band 2"-4" deep Within 1 week before planting Broadcast, band, or infurrow transplant drench All applications must be incorporated either physically or via drip or overhead irrigat a rate of 3.5-7 pt/A (56.0-80.0 fl oz/A) a minimum of 7 days before planting. Do treated land for 365 days after application of the product. No more than 1 applica fl oz/A per year (365 days). Provides control only for nematodes. Growers applying label to observe the plant-back (recropping) intervals for a variety of leafy vegetal	

Mocap and Vydate are insecticide/nematicides; Velum is a fungicide/nematicide; Nimitz is a true nematicide. Unlike fumigants, these products are not volatile and will move through the soil via water; depending on the water solubility, these products will have different recommendations for how best to apply them (see specific label recommendations). When nematode pressure is high, they may not be as consistently effective against root nematodes as the fumigants.

*Vydate L has registration for nematode control on sweet potatoes only as a broadcast or in-furrow treatment. Foliar applications are registered for insect control only. For broadcast or in-furrow treatments, Vydate L should be applied in a minimum of 20 gal of water. As a broadcast treatment thoroughly incorporate to a soil depth of 4 inch–6 inch.

Table 19. Fumigant nematicides for carrot and sweetpotato in Florida. Contact: Johan Desaeger, UF/IFAS Gulf Coast Research and Education Center.

Nematicide	Broadcast Application ¹		In-the-Row Applications	
	Gallons per Acre	fl oz/1000 ft/chisel- spaced 12" apart		
Telone II ^{2,3}	9–12	26–35	For any row spacing, application rates given may be concentrated in the row but shall never exceed the labeled maximum for broadcast applications. Consult the product label for additional detail.	
Telone C-17 ^{2,3}	10.8–17.1	31.8–50.2	For any row spacing, application rates given may be concentrated in the row but shall never exceed the labeled maximum for broadcast applications. Consult the product label for additional detail.	
Telone C-35 ^{2,3}	13–20.5	38–60	For any row spacing, application rates given may be concentrated in the row but shall never exceed labeled maximum for broadcast applications. Consult the product label for additional detail.	
Pic-Clor 60	19–31.5	57–90	For any row spacing, application rates should never exceed the labeled maximum for broadcast applications. Consult the product label for additional detail.	
Vapam HL	75	-	For drip or in-row chisel fumigation, consult product label for proportionately reduced overall rates, drip concentration, and flow-modifying directions and procedures.	
KPam HL	60	_	For drip or in-row chisel fumigation, consult product label for proportionately reduced overall rates, drip concentration, and flow-modifying directions.	
Allyl Isothiocyanate (AITC) Dominus	40	-	For drip or in-row fumigation and crop termination, consult product label for overall rates, drip concentration, and flow-modifying directions.	

¹Gallons/acre and fl oz/1000 feet provided only for mineral soils. Higher rates may be possible for heavier-textured (loam, silt, clay) or highly organic soils.

²All of the fumigants mentioned are for retail sale and use only by state-certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision. New supplemental labeling for the Telone products must be in the hands of the user at the time of application. See new label details for additional use restrictions based on soil characteristics, buffer zones, requirements for Fumigant Management Plans (FMP) and Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), mandatory good agricultural practices (GAPs), product and applicator training certification, and other use and rate-modifying recommendations.

³Higher application rates are possible in the presence of cyst-forming nematodes.

Rates are believed to be correct for products named, and similar products of other brand names, when applied to mineral soils. Higher rates are required for muck (organic) soils. However, the **grower** has the final responsibility to see that each product is used legally; **read the label** of the product to be sure that you are using it properly.