

# Coccothrinax argentata: Silverpalm<sup>1</sup>

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#### **Introduction**

This slow-growing, small, native Florida palm can reach 20 feet in height but is usually seen at 6 to 10 feet with a spread of 6 feet. The slender silverpalm has distinctive dark bluegreen, drooping, delicate, deeply divided palmate leaves which have a beautiful silver color beneath, providing a bright glint in the landscape when the leaves sway in the wind. The 6-inch-wide trunk is either smooth and grey or is sometimes covered with woven, burlap-like fiber. The small, white flowers are borne in profusion on 2-foot-long stalks, hidden among the leaves during the summer. The small, round, purple fruits ripen in late summer and fall.

#### **General Information**

Scientific name: Coccothrinax argentata

**Pronunciation:** koe-koe-THRY-nacks ar-jen-TAY-tuh

**Common name(s):** Silverpalm, thatchpalm

**Family:** Arecaceae

**USDA hardiness zones:** 10B through 11 (Figure 2)

**Origin:** native to North America

**Invasive potential:** native

**Uses:** deck or patio; specimen; container or planter; highway median



Figure 1. Young *Coccothrinax argentata*: Silverpalm. Credits: Stephen Brown, UF/IFAS

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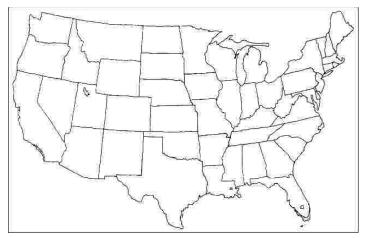


Figure 2. Range

### **Description**

Height: 6 to 15 feet

**Spread:** 6 to 7 feet

Crown uniformity: symmetrical

Crown shape: palm, upright/erect

Crown density: open

Growth rate: slow

Texture: coarse

### **Foliage**

**Leaf arrangement:** spiral (Figure 3)

Leaf type: simple

Leaf margin: entire

Leaf shape: star-shaped

Leaf venation: palmate

Leaf type and persistence: broadleaf evergreen, evergreen

Leaf blade length: 18 to 36 inches

Leaf color: green, blue or blue-green, silver

Fall color: no color change

**Fall characteristic:** not showy



Figure 3. Foliage and fruit of *Coccothrinax argentata*: Silverpalm. Credits: Stephen Brown, UF/IFAS

#### **Flower**

**Flower color:** white/cream/gray

Flower characteristics: not showy

#### **Fruit**

Fruit shape: round

Fruit length: less than .5 inch

Fruit covering: fleshy

Fruit color: purple

**Fruit characteristics:** does not attract wildlife; not showy; fruit/leaves not a litter problem

#### **Trunk and Branches**

**Trunk/bark/branches:** branches don't droop; not showy; typically one trunk; thorns

**Pruning requirement:** little required

**Breakage:** resistant

Current year twig color: not applicable

Current year twig thickness:

Wood specific gravity: unknown

#### **Culture**

**Light requirement:** full sun, partial sun, or partial shade, shade tolerant

**Soil tolerances:** clay; sand; loam; alkaline; acidic; well-drained

Drought tolerance: high

Aerosol salt tolerance: high

#### **Other**

Roots: not a problem

Winter interest: no

Outstanding tree: no

Ozone sensitivity: unknown

Verticillium wilt susceptibility: resistant

Pest resistance: free of serious pests and diseases

## **Use and Management**

This palm is most suited for residential and commercial landscapes where the unusual blue foliage can be appreciated. It makes a nice accent in a shrub border, and can be massed together to create a dramatic colorful impact. Place it in a low-growing groundcover to provide an exclamation point in the landscape.

Growing in full sun or partial shade, silverpalm will tolerate any well-drained soil. The palm will grow straight up and provide a beautiful blue accent, even in areas receiving only two or three hours of sun. It is highly salt-tolerant and is especially useful for coastal locations and for soils with a high pH.

Propagation is by seed.

#### **Pests and Diseases**

No pests or diseases are of major concern.