

# *Ficus elastica* 'Variegata': 'Variegata' Rubber Tree<sup>1</sup>

Edward F. Gilman, Dennis G. Watson, Ryan W. Klein, and Deborah R. Hilbert<sup>2</sup>

## Introduction

Often seen as an interior container plant, variegated rubber tree has large, 5 to 12-inch-long, thick, light green leaves with white or yellow margins, multiple trunks, and a spreading, irregular canopy. Able to reach 100 feet in height in its native habitat in the jungle but most often seen at about 25 to 40 feet in the landscape, rubber tree is useful as a screen, shade, patio, or specimen tree. Its coarse texture makes a strong statement in the landscape. Use as a street tree is limited by the tree's tendency to break apart in high winds. Perhaps the tree could be made stronger by removing branches with weak tight-angle crotches and spacing major lateral branches along one central trunk. Eliminate multiple trunks early in the life of the tree and prune lateral branches so they remain smaller than half the diameter of the trunk to increase longevity in the landscape.

## General Information

**Scientific name:** *Ficus elastica*

**Pronunciation:** FYE-kuss ee-LASS-tick-uh

**Common name(s):** 'Variegata' rubber tree, 'Variegata' India-rubber fig

**Family:** *Moraceae*

**USDA hardiness zones:** 10B through 11 (Figure 2)

**Origin:** not native to North America

**Outstanding tree:** no

**Invasive potential:** not considered a problem species at this time, may be recommended (North, Central, South)

**Uses:** shade; trained as a standard; indoors; screen; specimen; deck or patio; container or planter; espalier; highway median

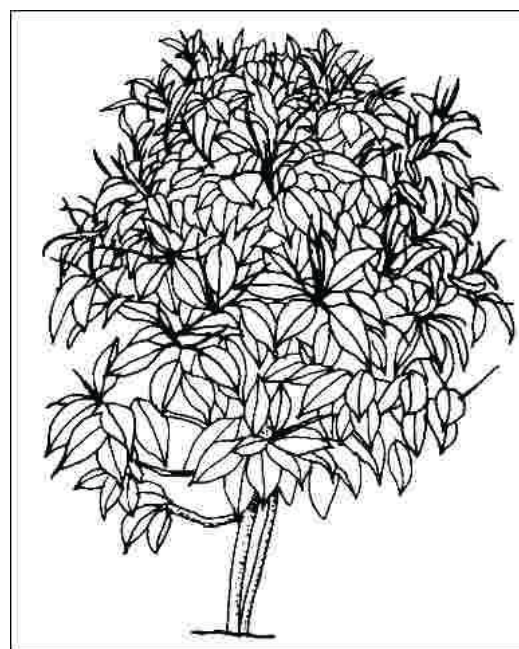


Figure 1. Young *Ficus elastica* 'Variegata': 'Variegata' rubber tree. Credits: UF/IFAS

1. This document is ENH412, one of a series of the Department of Agricultural and Biological Engineering, UF/IFAS Extension. Original publication date November 1993. Revised December 2006 and March 2024. Visit the EDIS website at <https://edis.ifas.ufl.edu> for the currently supported version of this publication.
2. Edward F. Gilman, professor emeritus; Dennis G. Watson, former associate professor, Department of Agricultural and Biological Engineering; Ryan W. Klein, assistant professor, arboriculture; and Deborah R. Hilbert, UF/IFAS Gulf Coast Research and Education Center; Department of Environmental Horticulture; UF/IFAS Extension, Gainesville, FL 32611.

The Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences (IFAS) is an Equal Opportunity Institution authorized to provide research, educational information and other services only to individuals and institutions that function with non-discrimination with respect to race, creed, color, religion, age, disability, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, national origin, political opinions or affiliations. For more information on obtaining other UF/IFAS Extension publications, contact your county's UF/IFAS Extension office. U.S. Department of Agriculture, UF/IFAS Extension Service, University of Florida, IFAS, Florida A & M University Cooperative Extension Program, and Boards of County Commissioners Cooperating. Andra Johnson, dean for UF/IFAS Extension.

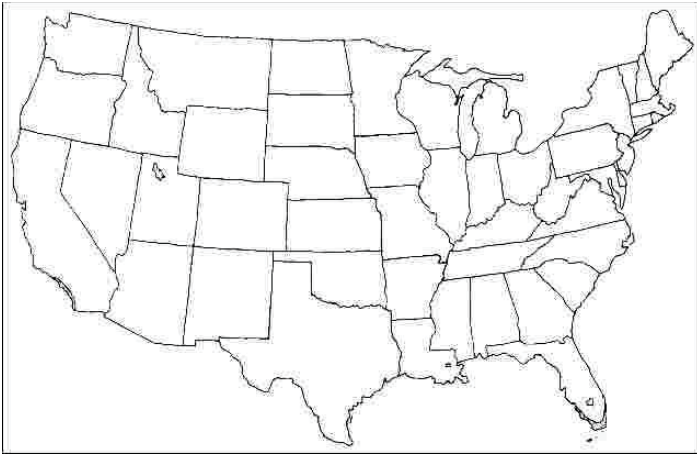


Figure 2. Range  
Credits: UF/IFAS

## Description

**Height:** 30 to 45 feet

**Spread:** 25 to 30 feet

**Crown uniformity:** symmetrical

**Crown shape:** oval

**Crown density:** dense

**Growth rate:** fast

**Texture:** coarse

## Foliage

**Leaf arrangement:** alternate (Figure 3)

**Leaf type:** simple

**Leaf margin:** entire

**Leaf shape:** elliptic (oval)

**Leaf venation:** pinnate, brachidodrome

**Leaf type and persistence:** evergreen, broadleaf evergreen

**Leaf blade length:** 8 to 12 inches

**Leaf color:** variegated

**Fall color:** no color change

**Fall characteristic:** not showy

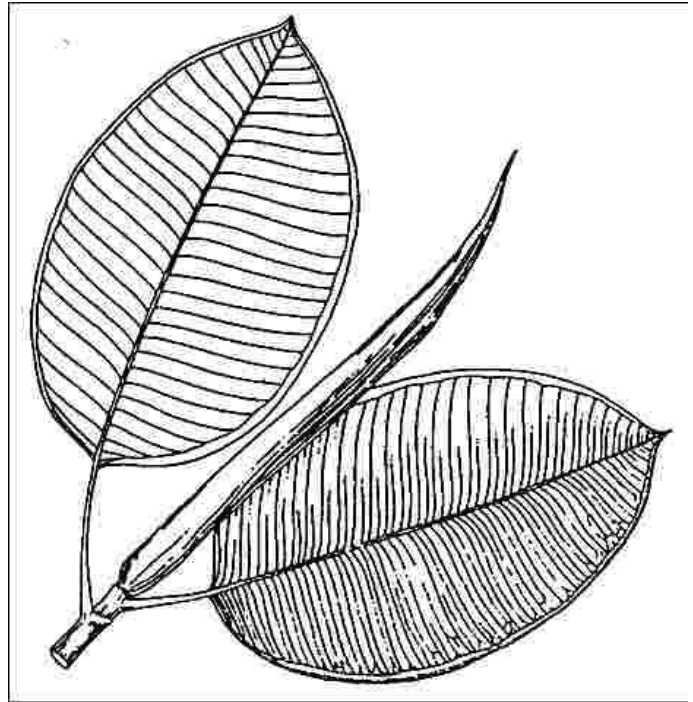


Figure 3. Foliage.  
Credits: UF/IFAS

## Flower

**Flower color:** unknown

**Flower characteristics:** not showy

## Fruit

**Fruit shape:** round

**Fruit length:** less than 0.5 inch

**Fruit covering:** fleshy

**Fruit color:** green

**Fruit characteristics:** does not attract wildlife; not showy; fruit/leaves a litter problem

## Trunk and Branches

**Trunk/bark/branches:** branches droop; not showy; typically one trunk; thorns

**Pruning requirement:** needed for strong structure

**Breakage:** susceptible to breakage

**Current year twig color:** green

**Current year twig thickness:** thick

**Wood specific gravity:** unknown

## Culture

**Light requirement:** full sun, partial sun, or partial shade

**Soil tolerances:** sand; loam; clay; acidic; alkaline; well-drained; occasionally wet

**Drought tolerance:** high

**Aerosol salt tolerance:** moderate

## Other

**Roots:** can form large surface roots

**Winter interest:** no

**Ozone sensitivity:** unknown

**Verticillium wilt susceptibility:** unknown

**Pest resistance:** resistant to pests/diseases

## Use and Management

Rubber Tree will grow quickly in sun or partial shade on almost any well-drained soil. The soil should be allowed to become fairly dry between waterings, especially in containers. Rubber Tree makes a nice house plant if it is not over-watered.

Other available cultivars include: 'Doescheri' has yellow-variegated leaves; 'Decora' produces broad, reddish-green leaves with ivory-colored veins running down the center of the leaf.

Propagation is by layering or cuttings.

## Pests and Diseases

No pests or diseases are of major concern but occasionally scales are a problem.