

# Ginkgo biloba 'Lakeview': 'Lakeview' Maidenhair Tree<sup>1</sup>

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### **Introduction**

This male cultivar of Ginkgo is practically pest-free, resistant to storm damage, and casts dense shade. It makes a durable street tree especially where overhead vertical space limits selection of wide trees. The shape is a symmetrical pyramid growing about 50 feet tall and 20 to 25 feet wide, which is quite unlike the open spreading habit of the species. There are other narrow, upright cultivars such as 'Princeton Sentry' and 'Fairmont'. Ginkgo tolerates most soil, including compacted, and alkaline. The tree is easily transplanted and has a vivid yellow fall color which is second to none in brilliance, even in the south. However, leaves fall quickly, and the fall color show is short. Unlike the species, the tree does not set fruit.

### **General Information**

Scientific name: Ginkgo biloba

Pronunciation: GINK-go bye-LOE-buh

Common name(s): 'Lakeview' maidenhair tree, 'Lakeview'

ginkgo

Family: Ginkgoaceae

**USDA hardiness zones:** 3A through 8A (Figure 2)

**Origin:** not native to North America



Figure 1. Middle-aged *Ginkgo biloba* 'Lakeview': 'Lakeview' maidenhair tree.

Credits: Ed Gilman, UF/IFAS

Invasive potential: not assessed/incomplete assessment

**Uses:** sidewalk cutout (tree pit); street without sidewalk; urban tolerant; highway median; tree lawn > 6 ft wide;

Bonsai: tree lawn 4-6 feet wide

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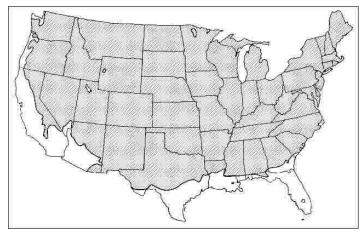


Figure 2. Range. Credits: UF/IFAS

# **Description**

Height: 50 to 60 feet

Spread: 20 to 30 feet

Crown uniformity: symmetrical

Crown shape: upright/erect, pyramidal

Crown density: dense

Growth rate: slow

Texture: medium

## **Foliage**

**Leaf arrangement:** alternate (Figure 3)

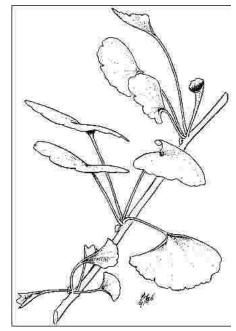


Figure 3. Foliage. Credits: UF/IFAS

Leaf type: simple

Leaf margin: lobed

Leaf shape: fan-shaped

**Leaf venation:** parallel, palmate

Leaf type and persistence: deciduous

Leaf blade length: 2 to 4 inches

Leaf color: green

**Fall color:** yellow

Fall characteristic: showy

#### **Flower**

Flower color: green

Flower characteristics: not showy

#### Fruit

Fruit shape: no fruit

Fruit length: no fruit

Fruit covering: no fruit

Fruit color: no fruit

Fruit characteristics: no fruit

#### **Trunk and Branches**

Trunk/bark/branches: branches droop; showy; typically

one trunk; thorns

**Pruning requirement:** little required

Breakage: resistant

Current year twig color: brown, gray

Current year twig thickness: medium, thick

Wood specific gravity: unknown

#### Culture

**Light requirement:** full sun, partial sun, or partial shade

**Soil tolerances:** sand; loam; clay; acidic; alkaline; well-drained; occasionally wet

Drought tolerance: high

Aerosol salt tolerance: moderate

#### **Other**

Roots: not a problem

Winter interest: yes

Outstanding tree: yes

Ozone sensitivity: unknown

Verticillium wilt susceptibility: resistant

Pest resistance: free of serious pests and diseases

## **Use and Management**

Ginkgo may grow extremely slow for several years after planting but will then pick up and grow at a moderate rate, particularly if it receives an adequate supply of water and some fertilizer. But do not overwater or plant in a poorly drained area. Keep turf away from several feet around the trunk to help the tree become established. Very tolerant of urban soils and pollution, Ginkgo could be used more in USDA hardiness zone 7 but is not recommended in central and southern Texas or Oklahoma due to summer heat. Adapted for use as a street tree, even in confined soil spaces. Some early pruning to form one central leader and to eliminate vigorous upright branches is helpful.

There are several cultivars: 'Autumn Gold'—male, fruitless, bright gold fall color and rapid growth rate; 'Fairmont'— upright, oval to pyramidal form; 'Fastigiata'—male, fruitless, upright growth; 'Laciniata'—leaf margins deeply divided; 'Mayfield'—male, fruitless, upright fastigiate (columnar) growth; 'Pendula'—pendent branches; 'Princeton Sentry'—male, fruitless, fastigiate, narrow conical crown for restricted overhead spaces, popular, 65 feet tall, available in some nurseries; 'Santa Cruz'—umbrella-shaped, 'Variegata'—variegated leaves.

Propagation is by seed or grafting males.

#### **Pests and Diseases**

This tree is pest-free and considered resistant to gypsy moth.